# FAGOR AUTOMATION S.COOP.

# Brushless AC servo drives

~ MCS Innova series ~

Ref.0707







**Title** Brushless AC Servo Drives (MCS Innova series)

Type of documentation Description, installation and startup of small motors and

digital drives.

Name MAN\_MCSi\_DRIVE SYSTEM (ing.)

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All products manufactured or marketed by FAGOR carry a 12-month warranty for the end user.

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### **DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY**

**Manufacturer:** Fagor Automation, S. Coop.

Bº San Andrés 19, C.P. 20500, Mondragón -Guipúzcoa- (SPAIN)

We hereby declare, under our responsibility that the product:

Fagor AC Brushless Servo Drive System

consisting of the following modules and motors:

**Drive modules:** MCS Innova (MCSi) series

**AC motors:** FS. FSA and FSP series.

mentioned on this declaration.

with the basic requirements of the European Directives 73/23/CE on Low Voltage (Basic Safety Regulation; Electrical Equipment on Machines EN60204-1:95) and 92/31/CE on Electromagnetic Compatibility (EN 61800-3:1996, Specific Regulation on Electromagnetic Compatibility for Servo Drive systems).

Fdo.: Julen Busturia

In Mondragón, 01.05.06

### INTRODUCTION

Fagor offers a range of servo systems (AC brushless motor FS plus digital drive) for application between 0.318 and 2.39 N·m at a rated speed of 3000 rev/min.

This manual describes the elements in detail and guides step by step through the installation and setup of the drive system.

When installed for the first time, it is a good idea to read the whole document.

Should you have any doubts or questions, please do not hesitate to contact our technicians at any of our subsidiaries worldwide.

Thank you for choosing Fagor.



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# **BRUSHLESS AC MOTORS, FS**

# Introduction

FS synchronous servo motors (FSA and FSP series) are AC brushless with permanent magnets.

They are ideal for any application requiring great positioning accuracy.

They have a uniform output torque, high reliability and low maintenance.



# General characteristics

Excitation	Permanent magnets
Temperature sensor	Not available
Shaft end	Cylindrical with keyway (optional: Without keyway)
Mounting	Face flange
Mounting method	IM B5, IM V1, IM V3 (as per IEC-34-3-72)
Mechanical tolerances	Eccentricity: 0.02 Concentricity: 0.04 Perpendicularity: 0.04
Roller bearings' life	20000 hours
Vibration resistance	Vibration acceleration: 49 m/s <sup>2</sup>
Vibration class	15 μm or lower
Electrical insulation	Class B (130 °C / 266 °F)
Insulation resistance	500 V DC, 10 MΩ or greater
Dielectric rigidity	200 V motors: 1500 V AC, one minute
Body or housing	Totally enclosed and self-ventilated
Protection degree	General: standard IP55 (shaft section excluded)
Storage temperature	From - 20 °C to 60 °C (from - 4 °F to 140 °F)
Ambient temperature allowed	From 0 °C to 40 °C (from 32 °F to 104 °F)
Working ambient humidity	From 20 % to 80 % (non condensing)
Voltage supply for the brake	24 V DC - the brake is optional -
Feedback	Standard: Incremental encoder 13 bits: 2028 ppt Optional: Absolute encoder 16 bits: 16384 ppt

FSA SERIES	Stall torque	Stall peak torque	Rated	mumixsM bəəqs	Stall current	Peak current	Pated	Torque constant	Acceleration fime	( * ) sithenl	(**) 888M	A.	Peak torque (for 3s) MCSi	Φ
	Мо	Мр	Nn	nmax	0	d	۵	Ϋ́	tac	٦	Ь	07 L	11 L	15 L
	N	Nm	rev/min	rev/min	Arms	Arms	>	Nm/Arms	sm	kg-cm <sup>2</sup>	kg	Nm	N	N E
FSA01.50F.□□.□□□	0.318	0.95	3000	2000	6.0	2.8	100	0.378	1.19	0.036	0.5	0.95		
FSA02.50F.□□□□□□	0.637	1.91	3000	2000	2.1	6.5	200	0.327	1.74	0.106	1.1	1.91		
FSA04.50F.□□□□□□	1.27	3.82	3000	2000	2.8	8.5	400	0.498	1.42	0.173	1.7	3.24	3.82	
FSA08.50F.□□□□□	2.39	7.16	3000	5000	4.4	13.4	750	0.590	2.95	0.672	3.4	3.84	6.19	7.16

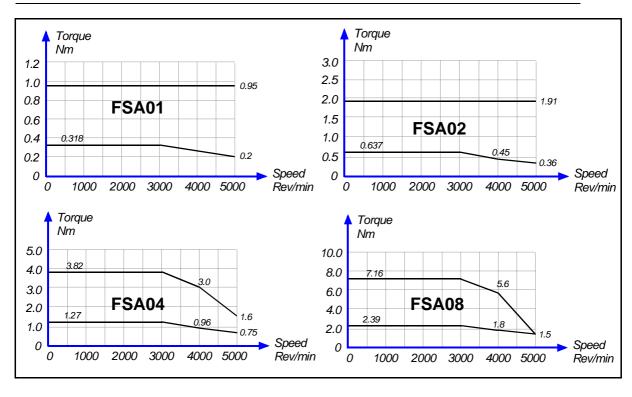
Φ	15 L	RN				7.16
Peak torque (for 3s) MCSi	11 L	E E			3.82	6.73
Pe	07 L	Nm	0.95	1.91	3.48	4.17
(**)	۵	kg	0.7	1.4	2.1	4.2
(*)aihənl	7	kg·cm <sup>2</sup>	0.049	0.193	0.331	2.10
Acceleration time	tac	ms	1.62	3.17	2.72	9.21
Torque constant	KT	Nm/Arms	0.392	0.349	0.535	0.641
Rated	۵	8	100	200	400	750
Peak current	d	Arms	2.8	0.9	8.0	13.9
Stall current	0	Arms	6.0	2.0	2.6	4.1
mumixsM bəəqs	nmax	rev/min	2000	2000	2000	2000
Rated speed	Nn	rev/min	3000	3000	3000	3000
Stall peak torque	Мр	Nm	0.95	1.91	3.82	7.16
Stall torque	Мо	N	0.318	0.637	1.27	2.39
FSP SERIES			FSP01.50F.□□□□□□	FSP02.50F.□□□□□	FSP04.50F.□□□□□	FSP08.50F.□□□□□

(\*) If the motor has a brake (option), its inertia must also be taken into account. See section < Brake characteristics>.

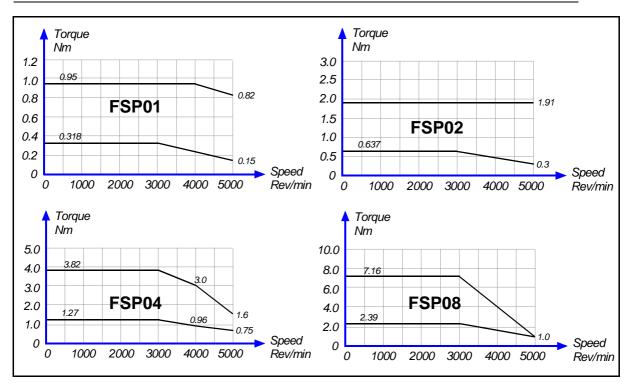
The drive recommended to govern each motor must supply the rated current needed to obtain the rated torque from the motor. (\*\*) If the motor has a brake (option), its mass must also be taken into account. See section < Brake characteristics>.

# Torque-speed curves

# Synchronous AC servomotors FSA series

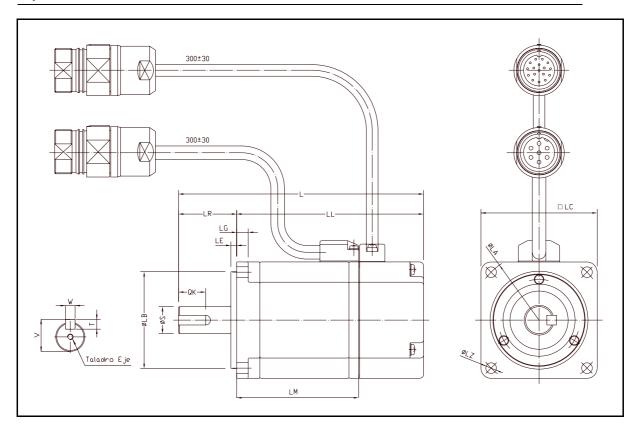


# Synchronous AC servomotors FSP series





# Synchronous AC servomotors. FSA series

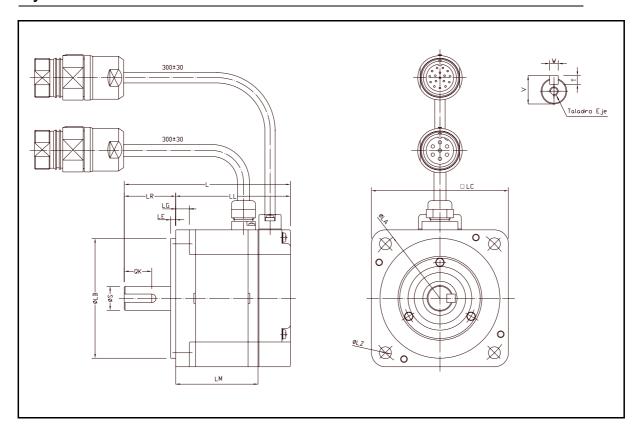


Dimensions		Motor	length					Flange	surfac	е	
Motor type	LM	L	LL	$\Delta$ brake	LR	LA	LB	LC	LE	LG	LZ
FSA01	61.5	119.5	94.5	40.5	25	46	30h7	40	2.5	5	4.3
FSA02	63.0	126.5	96.5	39.5	30	70	50h7	60	3	6	5.5
FSA04	91.0	154.5	124.5	39.5	30	70	50h7	60	3	6	5.5
FSA08	111.5	185.0	145.0	44.5	40	90	70h7	80	3	8	7.0

The [ $\triangle$  brake] column shows the length increment for the L and LL measurements when using a motor configuration "with brake".

Dimensions		;	Shaft end	d		Shaft hole
Motor type	S	QK	W	Т	٧	
FSA01	8h6	14	3	3	9.2	M3 x 6
FSA02	14h6	20	5	5	16	M5 x 8
FSA04	14h6	20	5	5	16	M5 x 8
FSA08	16h6	30	5	5	18	M5 x 8

# Synchronous AC servomotors. FSP series



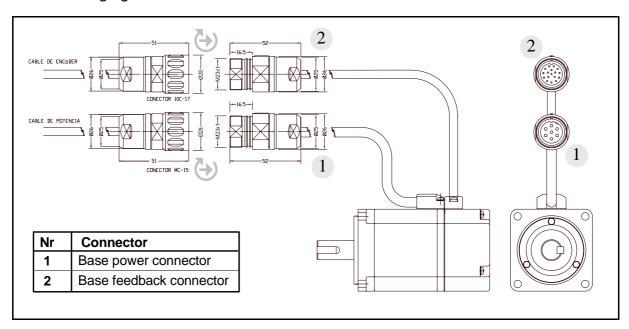
Dimensions		Motor	length					Flange	surfac	се	
Motor type	LM	L	LL	$\Delta$ brake	LR	LA	LB	LC	LE	LG	LZ
FSP01	42.5	87	62	29.0	25	70	50h7	60	3	6	5.5
FSP02	48.1	97	67	31.5	30	90	70h7	80	3	8	7
FSP04	68.1	117	87	31.5	30	90	70h7	80	3	8	7
FSP08	66.7	126.5	86.5	33.5	40	145	110h7	120	3.5	10	10

The [ $\triangle$  brake] column shows the length increment for the L and LL measurements when using a motor configuration "with brake".

Dimensions			Shaft end	k		Shaft hole
Motor type	S	QK	W	Т	V	
FSP01	8h6	14	3	3	9.2	M3 x 6
FSP02	14h6	16	5	5	16	M5 x 8
FSP04	14h6	16	5	5	16	M5 x 8
FSP08	16h6	22	5	5	18	M5 x 8

# Base power connectors and encoder output

The following figure shows the identification of these connectors:



**Note that** although the figure shows the FSA series motor, the dimensions of all the connectors will be the same for the FSP series.

The base power connector includes pins 4 and 5 of the brake. Remember that it has no polarity and, therefore, the 24 V DC may be applied to either pin. A voltage between 22 and 26 V DC applied to the brake releases the shaft .

When installing the motor, verify that the brake releases the shaft completely before turning it for the first time.

Connecting the motor windings in the order indicated on the connector (U, V, W) of the figure below, the shaft will turn clockwise (CWR, clockwise rotation).

BAS	E POWER	CONNECTOR		Viewed from the outside of the m
On FS	SA and FSP r	motors	(200 V)	
Pin	Signal	Color		601
1	U phase	Red		
2	W phase	White		
3	V phase	Blue		
4	brake *	Black		
5	brake *	Black		
6	Ground	Green / Yellow		

### **BASE FEEDBACK CONNECTOR**

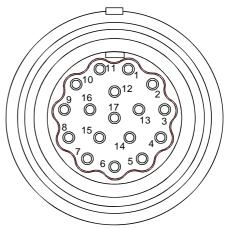
On FSA and FSP motors (200 V)

Pin	Signal	Color
1	0 V (16 bit absolute)	Pink
2	3.6 V (16 bit absolute)	Grey
3	+ RS485	Green
4	- RS485	Yellow
8	+ 5 V	White
9	0 V	Brown

Note 1. The rest of pins are not connected

Note 2. Connector housing connected to ground

# Viewed from the outside of the motor



### **Brake characteristics**

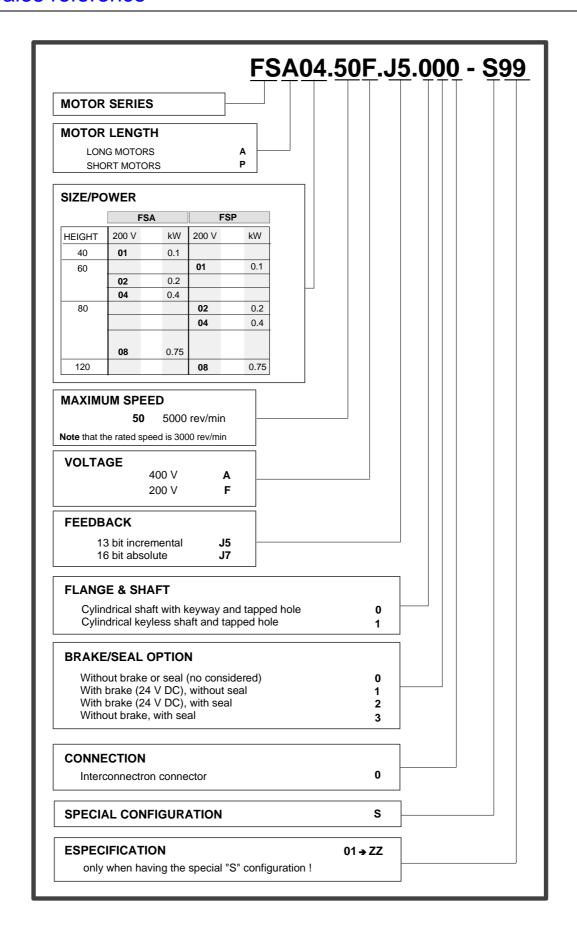
FSA and FSP series motors have an optional brake that applies friction to the shaft. Its purpose is to immobilize or lock vertical axes, not to brake a moving axis. Its main characteristics depending on the type of brake are:

Brake	Holding torque	Power consumption	Supply voltage	Mass	Inertia
Motor type	Nm (lbf· ln)	W (hp)	V DC	kg (lbf)	kg-cm <sup>2</sup>
FSA01	0.318 (2.814)	6.0 (0.008)	24	0.300 (0.66)	0.0085
FSA02	0.637 (5.637)	6.9 (0.009)	24	0.500 (1.10)	0.058
FSA04	1.270 (11.240)	6.9 (0.009)	24	0.500 (1.10)	0.058
FSA08	2.390 (21.153)	7.7 (0.010)	24	0.900 (1.98)	0.058
FSP01	0.318 (2.814)	8.1 (0.010)	24	0.200 (0.44)	0.029
FSP02	0.637 (5.637)	7.6 (0.010)	24	0.500 (1.10)	0.109
FSP04	1.270 (11.240)	7.6 (0.010)	24	0.500 (1.10)	0.109
FSP08	2.390 (21.153)	7.5 (0.010)	24	1.500 (33.1)	0.875

- ☐ The brake must not be used to stop the axis while it is moving.
- ☐ The brake must never exceed its maximum turning speed.
- A voltage between 22 V and 26 V releases the shaft. Make sure that no voltage over 26V is applied that prevent the shaft from turning.
- When installing the motor, make sure that the brake fully releases the shaft before making it turn for the first time.







# A.C. SERVODRIVE

### Introduction

The **MCS Innova** Servodrive (MCSi) family is a compact speed servo drive family for controlling small synchronous AC brushless motors.

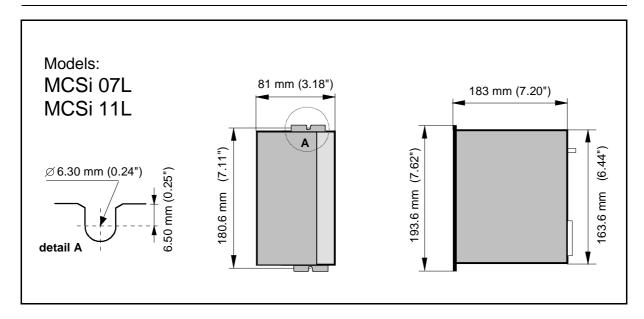
There are three modules of different power offering peak currents of 6.5, 10.5 and 15.0 Arms for single-phase 220 V AC

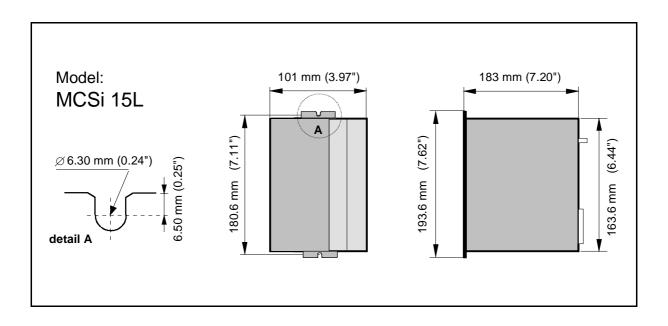
### General characteristics

Their main characteristics are:

- ☐ 220 V AC single-phase voltage supply.
- ☐ Dynamic braking in case of mains failure.
- □ PWM IGBTs
- ☐ Serial encoder feedback.
- ☐ Programmable encoder simulator output.
- □ USB service communication line.
- ☐ Two logic inputs for motor control. Speed Enable and Drive Enable.
- ☐ Integrated functions.
- ☐ On-line parameter editing.
- ☐ Integrated programming module.
- ☐ RS485 communications interface.
- ☐ Possible communication protocol: ModBus.

### **Dimensions**





# Technical data

	MODELS		
	MCSi 07L	MCSi 11L	MCSi 15L
Rated output current	2.1 Arms	3.5 Arms	5.0 Arms
Peak current (3 s)	6.5 Arms	10.5 Arms	15.0 Arms
Power supply	Voltage range	Single phase 50, between 220-10 9	/60 Hz. % and 230+10 % V AC
Consumption	12.5 Arms	20.0 Arms	29.0 Arms
Over-voltage protection	390 V DC		
Internal Ballast resistor			45 Ω
Internal Ballast power			15 W
Ballast trigger	380 V DC		
Thermal protection of the	90 °C (194 °F)		
Operating temperature	5 °C / 45 °C (41 °F / 113 °F)		
Storage temperature	- 4 °F / 60 °C (- 4°F / 140 °F)		
Protection degree *	IP20	IP20	IP20
Module dimensions	81 x 163.6 x 183 mm ( 3.18 x 6.44 x 7.20 " ) 101 x 163.6 x 183 mm ( 3.97 x 6.44 x 7.20 " )		
Module mass	1.9 kg (4.18 lb) 2.1 kg (4.62 lb)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> **IP20** means that it is protected against objects of a diameter larger than 12.5 mm, but not against water splashes. Therefore, the unit must be mounted inside an electrical cabinet.



### **Connectors**

### Power terminals

### **Connector X4**

- ▶ POWER INPUTS (L1, L2): Mains input terminals.
- ▶ POWER OUTPUTS (U, V, W): Output terminals for the voltage applied to the motor. Current control with PWM on a carrier frequency of 8 kHz. When connecting to the motor, watch the matching of phases U-U, V-V and W-W.

### **Connector X9**

▶ L+, Ri, Re: Terminals to configure and connect the external ballast resistor.

#### Connector X5

- ▶ CONTROL POWER INPUTS (L1, L2, GROUND): Input terminals for the voltage supply of the drive's control circuits from mains. The maximum cable section at these power terminals is 2.5 mm².
- ▶ ACTIVATION OF THE INTERNAL FAN: The internal fan that cools the drive's power elements starts when enabling the Drive\_Enable signal (only on models with integrated fan). It will stop when the heatsink temperature is lower 70 °C since the Drive\_Enable signal is turned off. This system decreases the fan's operating time, thus increasing its useful life.

### **Conector X3**

#### **▶** ANALOG INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

**Velocity command, pins 1 and 2:** Velocity command input for the motor. It admits a range of  $\pm$  10 V.

PIN 1	Input -	
PIN 2	Input +	

**Programmable analog input, pins 17 and 18:** Input for analog command used for some integrated functions.

PIN 17	Input -	
PIN 18	Input +	

**± 12 V, pins 33, 34 and 19:** Output of an internal power supply so the user can easily generate a command signal. It offers a maximum current of 20 mA limited internally.

PIN 34	+12 V
PIN 33	-12 V
PIN 19	GND

**Programmable analog output 1, pins 31 and 16** with a voltage range of ±10 V and **programmable output 2, pins 32 and 16** with a voltage range of ± 10 V.

PIN 31	Output 1		
PIN 32	Output 2		
PIN 16	Common		

#### **► ENCODER SIMULATOR**

Encóder Simulator Output , pins 22, 7, 24, 8, 37, 38 and 23: Outputs of the encoder signals divided by the preset factor, for closing the position loop at the CNC.

PIN 22	A+
PIN 7	A -
PIN 24	B+
PIN 8	B -
PIN 37	Z+
PIN 38	Z -
PIN 23	GND

#### **▶ DIRECT FEEDBACK**

Auxiliary Feedback Input, pins 5, 6, 36, 21, 35, 20, 4 and 3: Input to connect a second feedback device with TTL signals. The connector provides an auxiliary + 5 V DC (0.5 A max) for the feedback device (see pin 4).

PIN 6	A+
PIN 5	A -
PIN 21	B+
PIN 36	B -
PIN 20	Z+
PIN 35	Z -
PIN 3	GND
PIN 4	+ 5 V DC (0.5 A max.)

#### **► ENABLES**

**Drive Enable input, pin 13:** No current circulates through the motor stator winding at 0 V DC, thus it no longer supplies torque. It is activated with +24 V DC.

**Speed Enable input, pin 15:** At 0 V DC, it forces an internal zero velocity command. It is activated with +24 V DC.

Common to inputs Drive Enable and Speed Enable pin 14: Reference point for inputs Drive Enable and Speed Enable.

**+24 V DC and 0 V DC, pins 43 and 44:** Output of the internal 24 V DC power supply that may be used for the control of inputs Drive Enable and Speed Enable as well as the programmable digital input. It offers a maximum current of 50 mA limited internally.

PIN 13	DRIVE ENABLE
PIN 15	SPEED ENABLE
PIN 14	Pin common to inputs DRIVE ENABLE and SPEED ENABLE
PIN 43	+24 V DC of the auxiliary power supply (max. 50 mA)
PIN 44	GND of the auxiliary 24 V DC power supply

#### **▶ DIGITAL INPUTS AND OUTPUTS**

**Programmable digital input, pins 11 and 12:** Digital input (servo drive at +24 V DC and 0 V DC) used as input for some integrated functions.

**Programmable digital output, pins 27 and 28:** Optocoupled open collector output that reflects the output of some integrated functions.

#### ▶ DRIVE OK

**Drive Ok, pins 29 and 30:** Relay contact that closes when the internal status of the drive control is OK.

**Note that** this relay contact must be necessarily included in the electrical maneuver.



#### **▶ RELAY FOR INTEGRATED SAFETY**

**Safe-disable relay, pins 41 and 42:** Second, normally closed contact (NC) used as an external acknowledgement of the status of the integrated-safety relay.

**Note that** this relay contact must be necessarily included in the electrical maneuver.

#### **▶ CHASSIS**

**Metal housing of the connector:** Drive chassis connection point.

### **Connector X1**

#### **▶** COMMUNICATIONS

USB - type A **double parallel** connector for fast interconnection between various units (ModBus protocol) via RS485 serial line. It has a line terminating resistor selector whose status is set as follows:

ON	Resistor connected	
OFF	Resistor not connected	

### **Connector X2**

#### **► MOTOR FEEDBACK INPUT**

Standard IEEE 1394 type connector for input of the serial encoder signals, installed on the motor itself for position + speed feedback.

#### Connector X6

#### **▶ SERVICE**

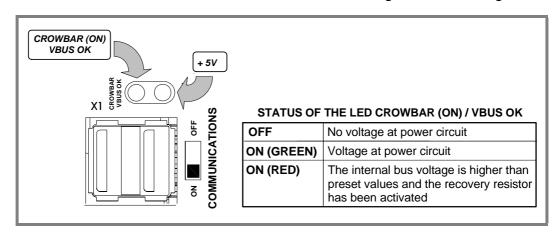
Standard USB mini AB type connector to connect a PC for setting parameters, monitoring system variables and updating the firmware of the unit using the WinDDSSetup application for PC. Any standard USB cable with a miniA or miniB connector may be connected at the drive side.



# Indicators (LED's)

**+5 V:** LED located on top of connector X1. When lit, it indicates that the internal +5 V are being applied.

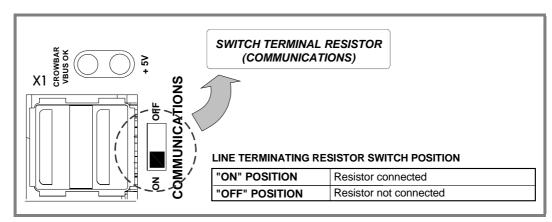
**CROWBAR (ON) / VBUS OK:** Two-color (green/red) light indicator located next to the + 5 V LED. It indicates its status according to the following table:



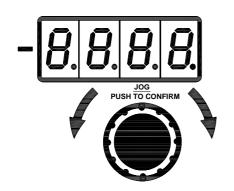
### Push-buttons and switches

**RESET:** Push-button for resetting the system.

**TERMINATING RESISTOR (COMMUNICATIONS):** This switch located next to the connector X1 (front of the module) may be used to connect or disconnect the line terminating resistor in RS485 communications.



# Programming module



The programming module (present on MCS model) has four numeric displays of 7 segments, a sign indicator and a rotary decoder with a push button for confirmation incorporated on the knob itself.

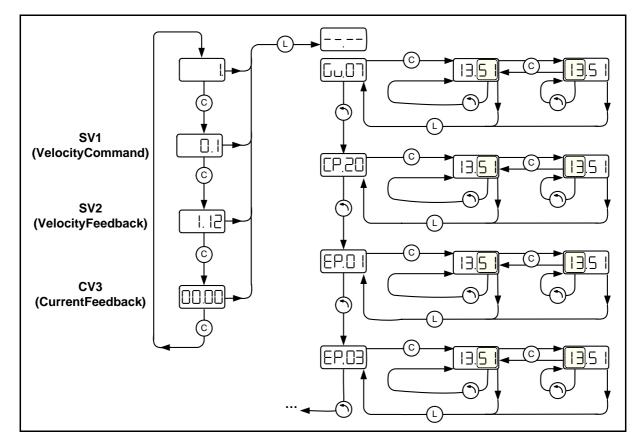
The rotating direction may be:

- ► Clockwise being possible to:
  - ☐ To scroll through the list of parameters, variables and commands and display a particular one.
- ☐ To increase its value (if parameters).
- ► Counterclockwise being possible to:
  - ☐ To decrease its value.

The push-button may be pressed in two ways:

- ☐ Short push.
- ☐ Long push.

The following diagram shows the sequence to follow to display parameters, variables, commands; modify the value of a parameter, confirm its new value, ...



There are also a set of variables and certain commands of special characteristics whose meaning and sequences to follow are described in section "initialization and setup" in this manual.

Interpretation of the symbols used in some diagrams of this manual.

13.<mark>5 |</mark>

Blinking status of the two rightmost digits of the display.

<mark>| | 3</mark>.5 |

Blinking status of the two leftmost digits of the display.

Long push on the programming module.

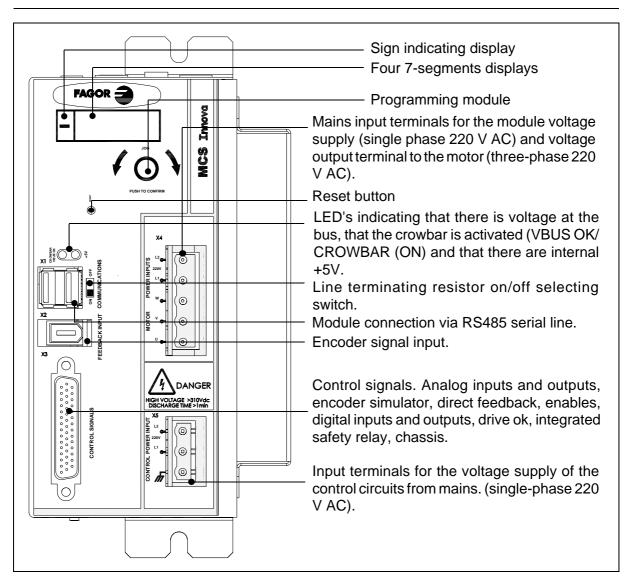
(c)

Short push on the programming module.

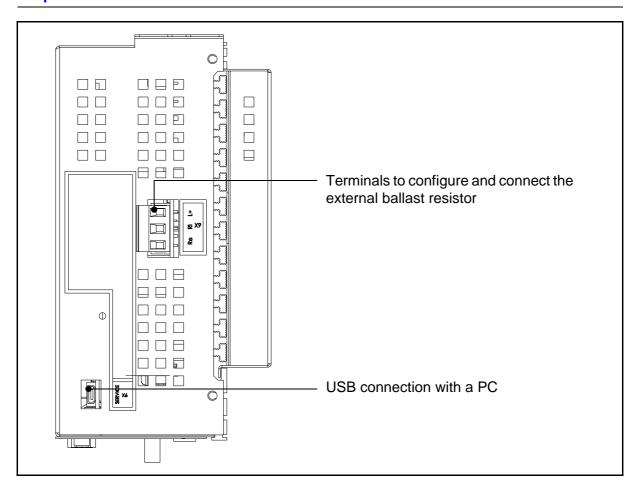


Rotary decoder on the programming module.

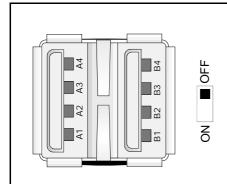
### Front view of the module



# Top view of the module



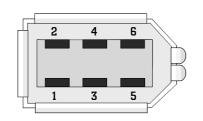
# Pinout of the connectors



### ► COMMUNICATIONS (X1)

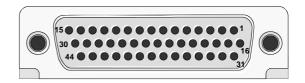
Pin	Signal	Description	
<b>A1, B1</b> N.C.		Not connected	
<b>A2, B2</b> TxD/RxD - (RS485)		TxD/RxD signal - (RS485)	
<b>A3, B3</b> TxD/RxD + (RS485)		TxD/RxD signal + (RS485)	
<b>A4, B4</b> N.C.		Not connected	
	Chassis	Housing	





Pin	Signal	Description	
1	+ 5 V	Voltage supply for the encoder	
2	GND	Encoder voltage supply GND	
3	+ BAT	+ Battery (with absolute encoder)	
4	- BAT	- Battery (with absolute encoder)	
5	+ 485	Encoder communication	
6	- 485	Encoder communication	
	Chassis	Connector housing	

### ► CONTROL SIGNALS (X3)

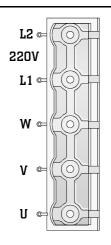


Pin	Signal	I/O	Description		
2	ANALOG VELOCITY	ı	Input +	Range ± 10 V,	
1	COMMAND INPUT		Input -	impedance 56 kΩ	
18	PROG. ANALOG	ı	Input +	Range ± 10 V,	
17	INPUT	<b>'</b>	Input -	impedance 56 kΩ	
31	PROG. ANALOG		Programmable analog output 1	Range ± 10 V	
32	OUTPUT	0	Programmable analog output 2	Trange ± 10 V	
16			GND		
34			+12 V (20 mA max) output		
33	AUX. ±12 V	0	-12 V (20 mA max) output		
19			GND		
43	AUX 24 V DC	0	+24 V DC (50 mA max) output		
44	7.0X 24 V DO		GND AUX 24 V DC		
13	DRIVE ENABLE	I	DRIVE ENABLE input (range from 0 to 2	4V DC)	
15	SPEED ENABLE	I	SPEED ENABLE input (range from 0 to 2	24V DC)	
14	COMMON DRIVE		Common to inputs DRIVE ENABLE and	SPEED ENABLE	
11	PROG. DIGIT.	ı	Programmable digital input +	Range from 0 to 24 V DC	
12	INPUT	<b>'</b>	Common of the digital input -	- Range nom o to 24 v bo	
27	PROG. DIGIT.	0	Programmable digital output (collector)	100 mA max, 50 V DC	
28	OUTPUT		Programmable digital output (emitter)	100 HIX HIAX, 50 V DO	
29 30	DRIVE OK	0	Open contact of the DRIVE OK signal (0,6 A - 125 V DC, 0,5 A - 110 V DC, 2 A - 30 V DC)		
22			A + signal		
7			A - signal		
24	ENCORED OIM!		B + signal	1	
8	ENCODER SIMUL.	0	B - signal	Encoder simulator outputs. (range from 0 to 5 V)	
37			Z + signal	(range nom e to e v)	
38			Z - signal		
23			GND		
6			A + signal		
5			A - signal		
21		ı	B + signal		
36	AUXILIARY	'	B - signal		
20			Z + signal		
35	]		Z - signal		
4	O + 5 V. Supply for the direct feedback device (0.5 A max)		rice (0.5 A max)		
3			Supply GND for the direct feedback device		
41 42	SAFETY RELAY	0	Second contact (NC normally closed) used as external acknowledgment of the status of the integrated safety relay.		

Pins 9, 10, 25, 26, 39 and 40 are NC (not connected).

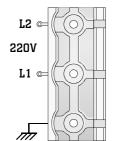
The < I/O > column indicates whether it is an input signal (Input) or an output signal (Output) through the relevant pin at connector X3.





### **▶** POWER INPUTS & MOTOR (X4)

Pin	Signal	Description
L2	S phase	220 V mains voltage input
L1	R phase	terminals.
W	W phase	Output terminals for the
٧	V phase	voltage applied to the motor
U	U phase	(200 V).



### ► CONTROL POWER INPUTS (X5)

Pin	Signal Description	
L2	S phase	220 V mains input terminal for the control
L1	R phase	circuits.
	Chassis	Ground

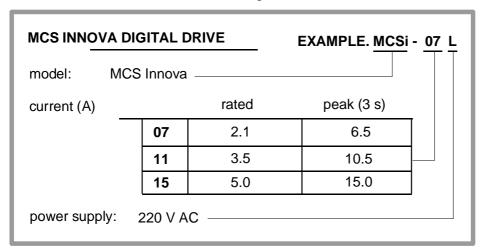


### ► SERVICE (X6)

Pin	Signal	Description	
1	N.C.	Not connected	
2	DMO	DMO	
3	DPO	DPO	
4	N.C.	Not connected	
5	GND	GND	
	Chassis	Housing	

# Sales reference

Codes of the sales reference of Fagor MCS Innova drives.



# INSTALLATION

# General considerations

### At the motor

Remove the anti-corrosion paint of the shaft before mounting them on to the machine. The motor will admit flange mounts: IM B5 and IMV1.

Watch for the ambient conditions mentioned in the section on general characteristics and also:

☐ Mount it somewhere that is dry, clean and accesible for maintenance.

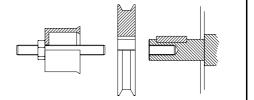
Remember that the degree of protection is IP55 (standard), shaft section excluded.

- ☐ It must be easily cooled.
- ☐ Avoid corrosive or flammable environments.
- ☐ Guard the motor with a cover if it is exposed to splashes.
- ☐ Use flexible coupling for direct transmission.
- ☐ Avoid radial and axial loads on the motor shaft.



**WARNING: DO NOT hit the shaft** when installing transmission pulleys or gears!

Use some tool that is supported in the threaded hole on the shaft to insert the pulley or the gear.



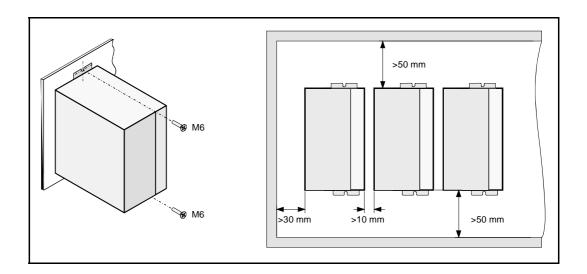
### At the Drive

The module must be installed in an electrical cabinet that is clean, dry, free of dust, oil and other pollutants.

Remember that the degree of protection is IP20.

Never install it exposing it to flammable gases. Avoid excessive heat and humidity. The ambient temperature must never exceed 45 °C (113 °F). Install the modules vertically, avoid vibrations and respect the gaps to allow air flow. See figure.





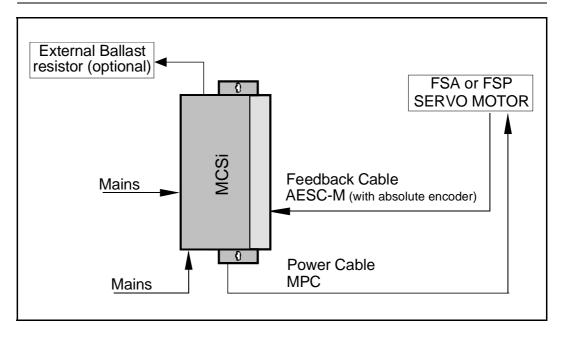
### About the connection

All the cables must be shielded, to reduce the interference on the control of the motor due to the commutation of the PWM. The shield of the motor power cable must be connected to the chassis screw at the bottom of the module and it, in turn, taken to mains ground. The command signal lines must be shielded twisted pairs. The shield must be connected to the housing of connector X3.

Keep the signal cables away from the power cables.

# **Electrical connections**

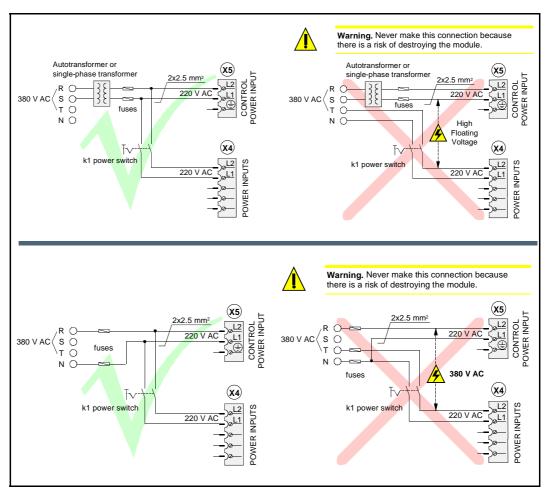
# Basic interconnection diagram





### Power connection. Mains - Drive

The drive voltage supply is single phase and does not require a transformer.



The table below shows the values recommended for the fuses shown in the previous figure. They are slow general purpose fuses. If they are installed on the Mains input lines, their maximum currents will depend on the value of the Mains voltage.

Model	Peak current ( Arms )	Fuse (A)
MCSi 07L	6.5	16
MCSi 11L	10.5	16
MCSi 15L	15.0	25

Note: A thermal switch may optionally replace the fuses.

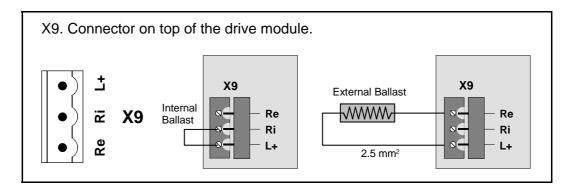
### Power connection. External Ballast resistor

If the application requires a Ballast resistor with a power greater than the one indicated in this table according to model:

Model	Interna resisto		Maximum power that may be	External resistor
MCSi 07L				Max. value 65 $\Omega$
MCSi 11L				Min. value 45 $\Omega$
MCSi 15L	45 Ω	60 W	15 W	

#### therefore:

- ☐ Remove the cable joining the terminals **Ri** and **L+**.
- ☐ Install the external resistor between the terminals **Re** and **L+.**
- ☐ Make sure that the resistance (Ohms) of the external ballast resistor is exactly the same as that of the internal resistor of that module. See the general characteristics table.
- ☐ Use KV41 to indicate to the drive that an external ballast resistor has been connected.



# Inductance for reducing high frequency harmonics

It is recommended to connect an inductance at the input of one of the power phases **L1 or L2** of the drive (connector X4) to reduce high frequency harmonics coming from mains with a value of 5 mH and and rms current of 6 Arms. This inductance reduces the disturbances in mains, but it does not ensure compliance with CE regulations. **Connect the inductance as shown in the figure.** 

### Mains filter to suppress electromagnetic interference

In order for the Fagor DDS servo drive system to meet the European Directive on Electromagnetic Compatibility 92/31/CE, the mains filter FAGOR FEHV-XXX must be inserted (see the table in the next section "connection") at the input of the MCSi (power phases **L1** and **L2** of connector X4) against electromagnetic interference.



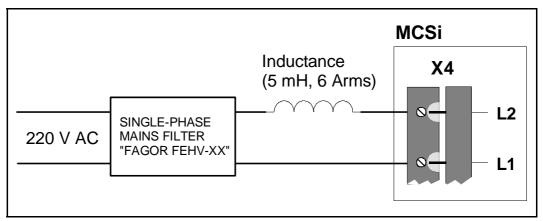
### Connection

Install the proper filter that can handle the sum of the rated Arms currents of the MCSi drives installed in the system.

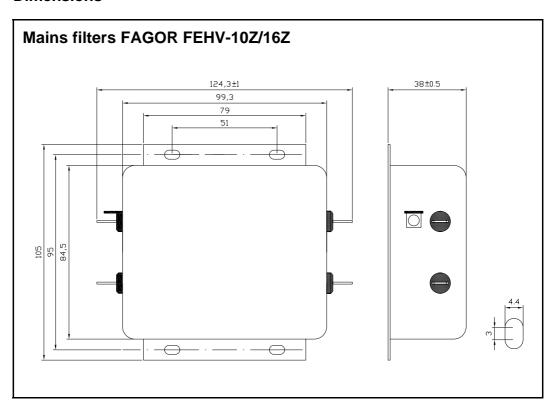
Mains filters	Imax (A)
FEHV-10Z	10
FEHV-16Z	16
FEHV-30B	30

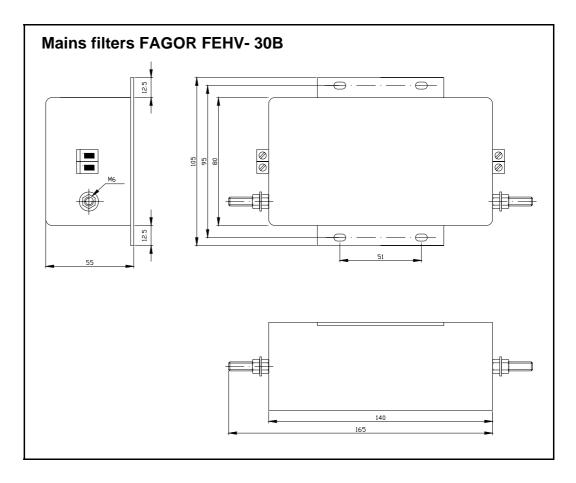
Remember that the rated currents of the drives are 2.1 A for the MCSi 07L; 3.5 A for the MCSi 11L and 5 A for the MCSi 15L.

Connect the filter using 6.3 mm Faston terminals as shown in the figure.

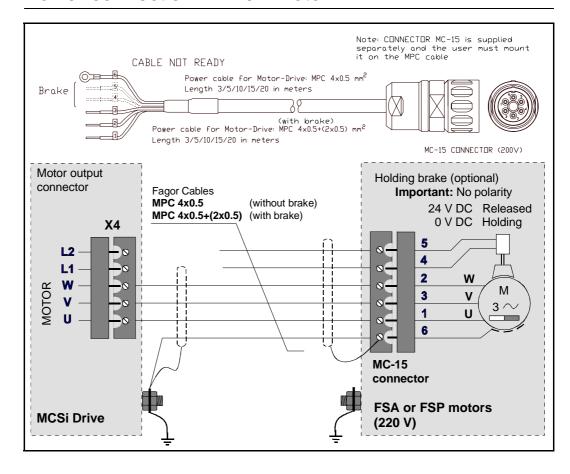


### **Dimensions**





### Power connection. Drive - motor



# Power cables

If the motor does not have a brake	If the motor has a brake
MPC - 4 x 0.5	MPC - 4 x 0.5 + (2 x 0.5)

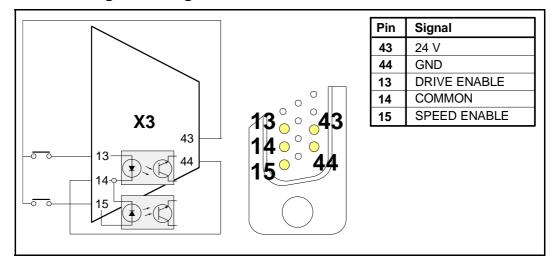
**Note:** The length of the MPC power cable must be specifically ordered (in meters).

Codes of the sales reference of Fagor power cables.

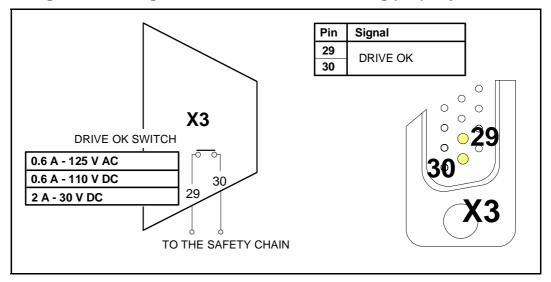
MOTOR POWER CABLE	E.G. MPC 4 x 0.5
Motor Power Cable	
On brakeless motors	
Nr of wires	
Section of each wire (mm²) ——	
On motors with brake  Nr of wires  Section of each wire (mm²)  Nr of wires x section (for the brake)	

# Connection of the monitoring and control signals

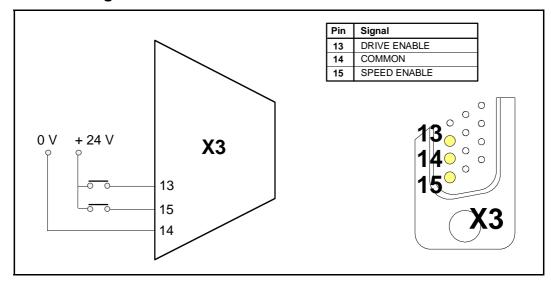
### ► Enable signals using 24 V



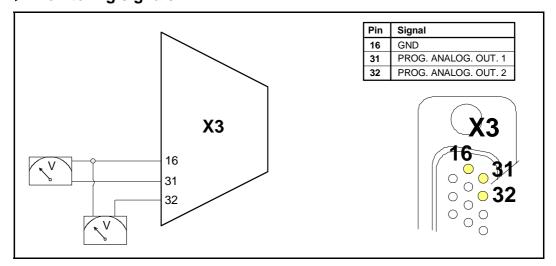
### ▶ Signal indicating that the Servodrive is running properly



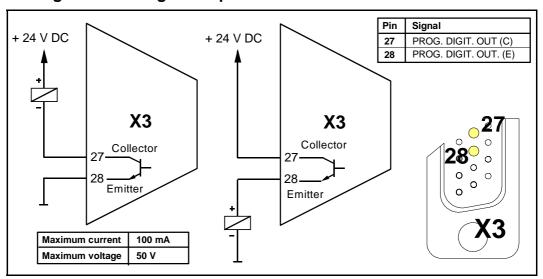
### **▶** Enable signals



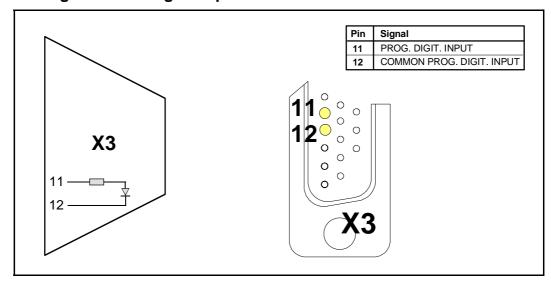
### **▶** Monitoring signals



### ► Programmable digital outputs



### ► Programmable digital input

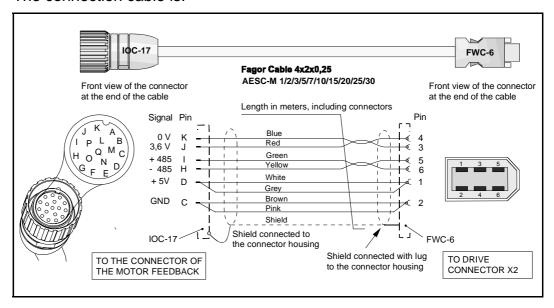


### **Encoder feedback connection**

The signals generated by the encoder are taken to connector (X2) FEEDBACK INPUT of the MCSi drive. The MCS amplifies these signals and may divide their frequency. The division factor is given by the values of parameter EP1 and the sequence between A and B by parameter EP3. The MCPi drive outputs these signals through (X3) CONTROL SIGNALS. The encoder must be mounted on to the motor shaft and cannot be installed anywhere else in the transmission chain.

The motors may have use an incremental encoder J5 (13 bit) or an absolute encoder J7 (16 bit). But, when choosing an absolute encoder to use this characteristic, you must also obtain a battery with a mounting clip "Battery for Absolute Encoders in FS motor". The battery will not be necessary if you only wish to increase the resolution.

#### The connection cable is:



### Sales reference of the Fagor feedback cable

The sales reference of the feedback cable is AESC-M- $\square\square$  where the last two digits shown as " $\square\square$ " indicate its length in meters. For example the AESC-M-3 is a 3 meter encoder cable. The available lengths are: 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 10, 15, 20, 25 and 30 meters.

**Remember that** this encoder cable may be used both under static and dynamic work conditions.

# Sales reference of Fagor feedback extension cables

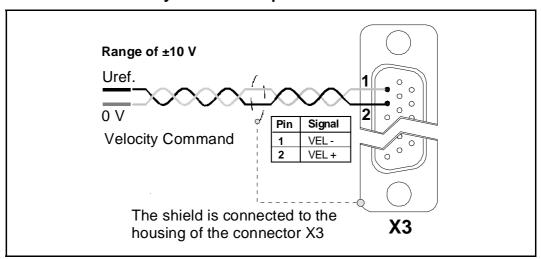
Fagor also provides, upon request and in meters, the feedback cable (without connectors) with sales reference **FSA/FSP Encoder Cable** up to 30 meters in case the user wants to make his own cable.



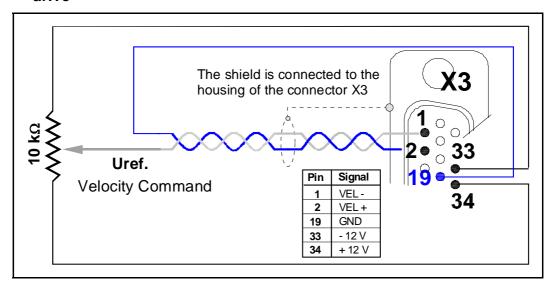
#### Analog command signal connection

The command governing the motor may be a velocity or current command. All the command signal lines must be shielded twisted pairs. The shield must be connected to the housing of the 44-pin connector X3 (control signals). The input impedance of the velocity command is 56 K $\Omega$  (a range  $\pm 10V$ ).

#### **▶** Differential velocity command input



# ▶ Generation of the inverted velocity command and application to the drive



#### Service port. USB line

Connecting a PC compatible computer with an MCS Innova drive via USB (**U**niversal **S**erial **B**us) makes it possible to set and monitor system variables facilitating its adjustment. The motor table may be updated through this line. The connection cable is a standard USB cable with a mini A or mini B type male connector at the drive side. The maximum length of the cable should not exceed 3 meters.



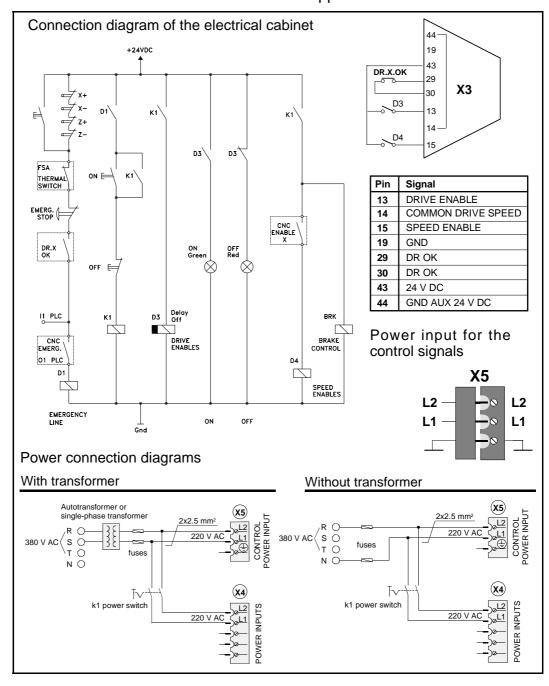
# Diagram of the electrical cabinet

This is an orientative diagram for the installation of the electrical cabinet. This diagram may be modified according to the requirements of each application. It includes a simple circuit for the voltage supply of the brake of the servo motors. The use of fuses is a must.

## Mains connection and maneuver diagram

The delayed disconnection of D3 contacts is useful so:

- ☐ The Drive Enable stays active while the motor brakes at maximum torque.
- $\Box$  the brake holds the motor after it has stopped.

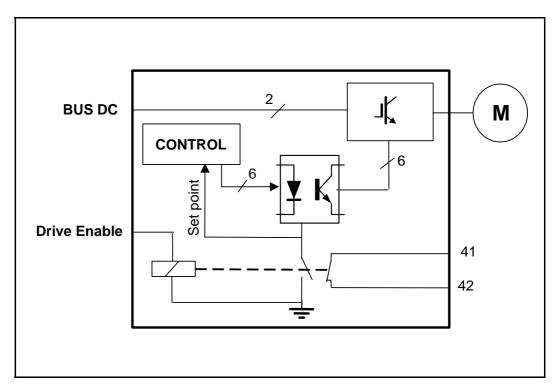


#### Integrated safety

The **S**afe **D**isable function **(SD)** offered by Fagor MCS Innova drives permits disabling the power output of the drive making sure that the motor torque is eliminated as a safe situation.

This function is available through the "Drive Enable" section so called in standard Fagor servo drive systems. Techniques and elements approved to be used in safety systems have been considered for its design and internal operation.

Thus, with a conventional drive (without SD), a contactor would have to be installed to assure a safe disable of the motor. However, using the safety techniques (implemented in Fagor MCS Innova drives) guarantees the same or greater safety without having to use external contactors, thus saving material and room in the electrical cabinet.



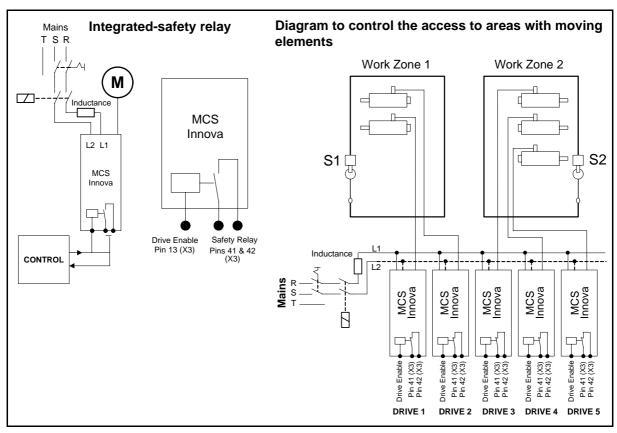
The "Drive Enable" pin already available on conventional Fagor drives works the same way on drives with **S**afe **D**isable although it has been implemented keeping the safety principles and protocols in mind.

For that, a safety relay with guided contacts has been considered so:

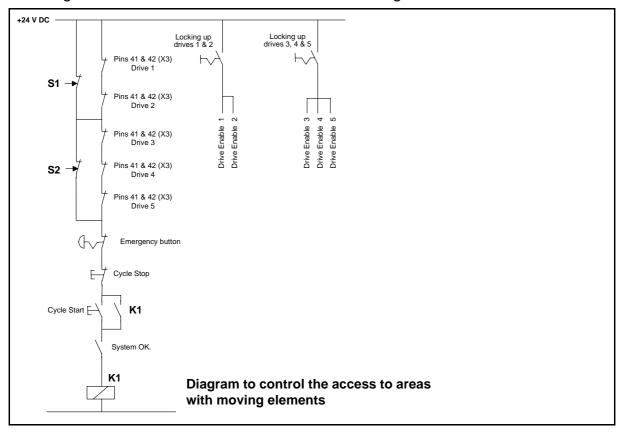
- ☐ The first contact (NA) enables the power inverter and sets the control part to rest assuring a redundancy when locking up.
- ☐ The second contact (NC) is used as an external acknowledgement of the status of the safety relay. This contact is available between pins 41 and 42 of connector X3 located on the face of the module.



The following figure shows the diagram of the safe disable (**SD**) of an MCS Innova and as an example of application, a diagram to control the access to areas with moving elements:



The diagram to control the access to areas with moving elements is:



# Initialization and adjustment

After starting the motor-drive system, the way the parameters, variables and commands will be displayed and edited will be determined by the access level: Fagor level, user level or basic level restricting, depending on the level, the access to some or all of them.

This access level is determined by entering its corresponding code in the GV7 variable.

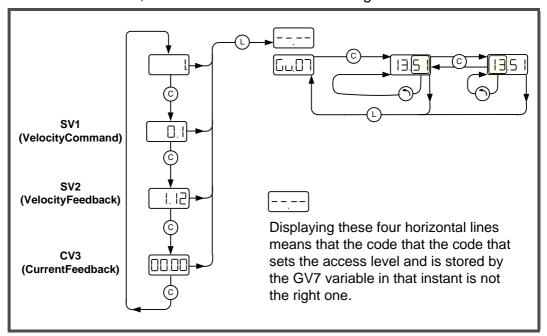
This way, with no access level, the following variables may be displayed in this order:

☐ SV1: VelocityCommand

☐ SV2: VelocityFeedback

☐ CV3: CurrentFeedback

To access the rest, access GV7 and browse through as shown below:



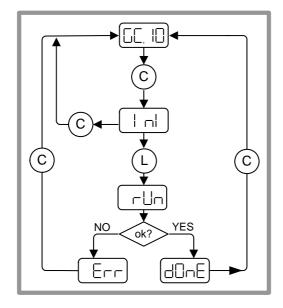
If the code is correct, all the parameters, variables and commands permitted by that level may be accessed by turning the rotary decoder. If it is not correct, it will display 4 horizontal lines and then the variable GV7 where the level code must be edited again.

On startup, the drive will look, in the memory of the digital feedback device integrated into the motor, for the information on the type of motor connected. If the motor recognized by the drive is different from the one it was governing up to that moment, it will automatically adjust the critical parameters related to the motor type.

However, it is recommended to initialize it using the GC10 command every time a motor is changed in order to set the initial values (by default) of all the parameters of the drive verifying them with the selected motor.

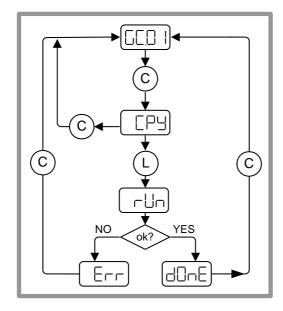


Once the GC10 has been found (by turning the decoder until appears on the display) the sequence to follow is shown in the figure:



All that has been done so far is saved in the RAM memory of the drive, but not permanently.

When doing a reset, all these modifications will be ignored because on startup the drive restores the configuration stored in its E<sup>2</sup>PROM memory.



Therefore, to store all these modifications permanently, the information stored in RAM memory must be transferred into the E<sup>2</sup>PROM memory using the GC1 command.

Found by turning the switch until it appears on the display, the sequence to follow is the one indicated in this figure.

Besides these two commands whose sequences have been shown in the previous two figures, there are others that follow the same sequences but with the mnemonic of the functionality of the command itself; they may be displayed as shown in the figure later on:

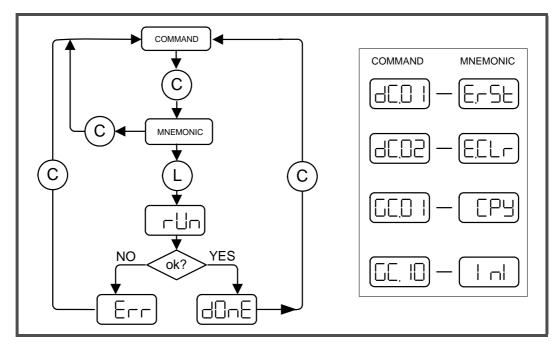
After finding the command, use a short push to display its function mnemonic. A long push confirms its execution whereas a short push returns it to its initial state.

While executing the command, the display shows the word: **rUn** (it is not displayed in commands that are executed very fast).

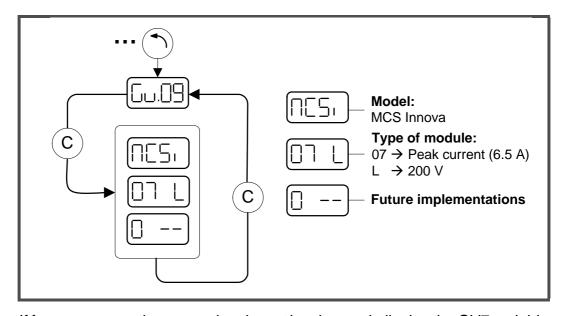


If the command has been executed properly, the displays shows the word: **dOnE.** Otherwise, in case of an error, it displays the word: **Err**.

In any of these instances, a short push returns it to its initial state.



To obtain information on the type of drive (it can be read but not edited) find the GV9 variable and follow the indication of the figure below to display the different fields that show their characteristics:



If for any reason, the access level must be changed, display the GV7 variable and write the new code. Then, find GC1 until it appears on the display and execute the command as described earlier. Finish the procedure with a reset.

On the other hand, when adjusting it, proceed as follows:	
□ Verify that desired velocity or current command is selected. To do this make sure that all the parameters involved (such as SP45, etc.) are properly set.	
☐ When using external analog command, verify that it is output to the proper pins.	r
<b>Note:</b> When using an analog command, set parameters SP20 and SP21 properly to obtain the desired response to the velocity command entered.	
☐ Use parameter CP20 to set the maximum peak current value of the drive to obtain the best dynamic response.	е
☐ Set the velocity PI gain using parameter SP1 (proportional gain K) and SP (integral K) until the desired system performance is obtained.	2
☐ Adjust the velocity offset using parameter SP30.	
□ Send a 0 V velocity command to the drive (jumpering pins 1, 2 and 19 c connector X3).	of
□ Measure the motor speed and adjust the offset using parameter SP30 unt the motor stops. Be careful because this method only eliminates the offset of the drive. The CNC may have an offset of its own which must be adjusted at the CNC.	et
In order to adjust the offset for the whole control loop:	
☐ Set the CNC in DRO mode keeping the Drive_Enable and Speed_Enable signals active.	е
☐ Change parameter SP30 until the motor stops.	
<b>Note:</b> Another method would consist in setting an axis position with the CNC and adjusting parameter SP30 until the following error (axis lag) is	

symmetrical.

## WinDDSSetup

It is a Fagor application for PC. The operator can use the application's interface to read, modify, save to a PC file and download from a PC file all the parameters and variables of the drive and check the status of the motor-drive combination; thus making the final adjustment of the servo drive system easier, faster and more comfortable. This also makes it easier to manufacture many machines that have MCS Innova units.

When installing the WinDDSSetup, the USB drives are also installed. These drivers generate an additional virtual COM port to those already used by the PC and it will only be present when the unit is connected and is applied control or power voltage. This is why, the unit should be connected first and then run WinDDSSetup.



The first time the unit is connected to the PC, the operating system will show two messages indicating that "new hardware has been detected".

Do the <default> installation, recommended by the system and ignore the message regarding the incompatibility tests of the software with the operating system Windows® XP that comes up during the installation process. Go on by pressing the <Continue> button. This message refers to the drives that have not been certified yet. However, they are fully functional.

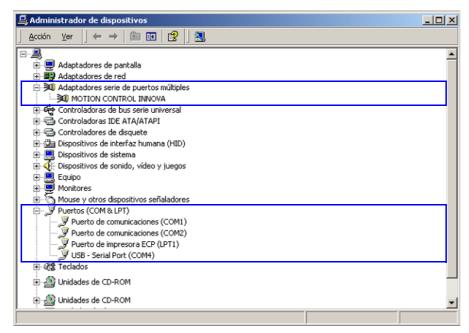
When starting the WinDDSSetup application, you must select the virtual COM port in order establish communication with the unit.

To obtain information on the generated COM port, proceed as follows:

- ☐ Click the right button of the mouse on the icon <My PC>.
- ☐ Select the < Properties > option and the < Hardware > label in the next popup window
- ☐ Select < Device administrator>.

The window will show them as:

- ☐ Multiple serial port adapters, the reference MOTION CONTROL INNOVA
- □ **Ports (COM & LPT)**, reference USB-Serial Port (COMx). The digit appearing in the x position refers to the new virtual COM port for the PC.



# PARAMETERS, VARIABLES AND COMMANDS

#### **NOTATION USED**

[Group] [Type] [Index] where:

Group:

Identifying character of the logic group to which the parameter or variable belongs.

There are the following groups of parameters:

GROUPS OF PARAMETERS, VARIABLES & COMMANDS			
Nr	FUNCTION	GROUP	LETTER
1	Control signals	Terminal box	В
2	Current control loop	Current.	С
3	Error diagnosis	Diagnosis	D
4	Encoder simulator	Encoder	Е
5	General of the system	General	G
6	System hardware	Hardware	Н
7	Analog and digital inputs	Inputs	I
8	Temperatures and voltages	Monitoring	K
9	Motor properties	Motor	М
10	Linear configuration	Linear axis	N
11	Analog and digital outputs	Outputs	0
12	System communication	Communication	Q
13	Velocity control loop	Speed:	S
14	Torque and power parameters	Torque	Т
15	Internal function generator	Internal generator	W

Type:	Character identifying de type of data which the information corresponds to May be:	
	□ A parameter defining the system operation (P)	
	□ A variable that can be read and modified dynamically (V) or	
	☐ A command that carries out a specific action (C).	

**Index:** Character identifying the parameter or the variable within the group to which it belongs.

#### **Definition examples:**

SP10	<b>S</b> group	(P) parameter	nr ( <b>10</b> )
CV11	<b>C</b> group	( <b>V</b> ) variable	nr ( <b>11</b> )
GC1	<b>G</b> group	(C) command	nr ( <b>1</b> )



Access level:
The access level is defined by the number following the ID: Thus:
□ Fagor level
☐ User level
□ Basic level
Examples of access levels
SP10 basic ► S group (P) parameter   nr (10)   (basic) access level
CV11 Fagor, RO   ►   C group   (V) variable   nr (11)   (Fagor) access level
(RO) read-only variable.
Modifiable variable:
Any modifiable variable, in other words, that can be read and written, will carry the (RW) label to identify it as such next to its access level. The (RO) label means that the variable is Read Only.
Examples of a modifiable variable
DV32 Fagor, RW ▶ D Group (V) variable   nr (32)   (Fagor) access level

(RW) read-write (modifiable) variable.

# B group. Non-programmable inputs - outputs

#### BV14 FAGOR, RO NotProgrammableIOs



Function:

Indicates the logic values of the electrical control signals of the drive. 24 V at the electrical input mean a logic 1 at the bits of this variable.

Bit	Function
15,, 4	Reserved
3	Programmable input Pins 11-12 of terminal strip X3 Default value (IP14=4), error reset
2	Drive_OK output Pins 29 -30 of terminal strip X3
1	Speed_Enable input Pin 15 of terminal strip X3
0	Drive_Enable input Pin 13 of terminal strip X3

# C group. Current

CP1	FAGOR, RW	CurrentProportionalGain



Funtion: Value of the proportional action of the current PI.

Valid values: 0, ..., 999.

Default value: Depends on the motor-drive combination.

#### CP2 FAGOR, RW CurrentIntegralTime



Function: Value of the integral action of the current PI.

Valid values: 0, ..., 999.

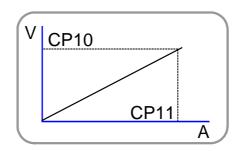
Default value: Depends on the motor-drive combination.

## CP10 USER, RW VoltageAmpVolt



Function:

Parameters CP10 and CP11 define the relationship between the voltage of the analog input IV2 and the current that this input generates in IV3.



Valid values: 1.000, ..., 9.999 V.

Default value: 9.500 V.

# CP11 USER, RW AmpAmpVolt



Function: See parameter CP10.

Valid values: 1.00, ..., 50.00 A. Depends on the connected drive.

Default value: MP3. Rated motor current (in amperes).

## CP20 BASIC, RW CurrentLimit



Function: Limit of the current command that reaches the system's

current loop.

Valid values: 0.00, ..., 50.00 Arms. CP20 must never exceed the smallest

value given by the peak current of the motor (5 x MP3) and

of the drive.

Default value: CP20 takes the lowest value of the ones given by the motor

and drive peak currents.

#### CP30 FAGOR, RW CurrentCommandFilter1Type



Function: Parameter in charge of enabling / disabling the current filter.

Valid values:

Value	Function	
1	It enables the filter (by default)	
0	Disables the filter	

#### CP31 FAGOR, RW CurrentCommandFilter1Frequency



Function: Sets the natural frequency in Hz of a notch filter that acts upon

the current command.

Valid values: 0, ..., 4000.

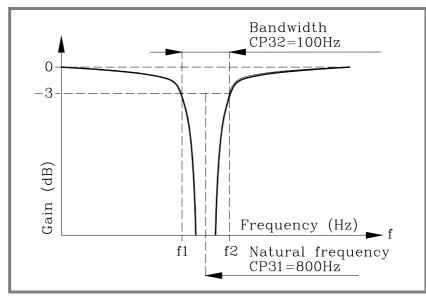
Default value: 0.

#### CP32 FAGOR, RW CurrentCommandFilter1Damping



Function:

Sets the bandwidth in Hz of a notch filter that acts upon the current command.



Valid values: 0, ..., 1000.

Default value: 0.

#### CP45 USER, RW CurrentCommandSelector



Function: This parameter is used to determine the command source of

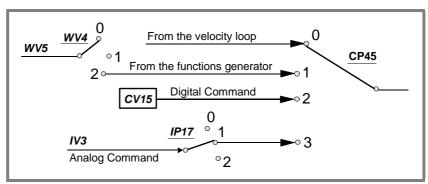
the current loop.

Valid values: 0, 1, 2 and 3.

Value	function	
0	Normal operation. The current command comes from the velocity loop.	
1	Reserved.	
2	Digital. Value of CV15 that can be modified through the serial line.	

3 External analog.

It applies the value of the external auxiliary input (pins 17 and 18 of connector X3) after being treated, IV3, if IP17 has the right value (IP17=1).



Default value: 0.

#### CV1 USER, RO Current1Feedback



Function: Display the value of the feedback of the current going through

phase V.

Valid values: - 50, ...+ 50 A (instant values).

Default value: 0.

#### CV2 USER, RO Current2Feedback



Function: Display the value of the feedback of the current going through

phase W.

Valid values: - 50, ...+ 50 A (instant values).

Default value: 0.

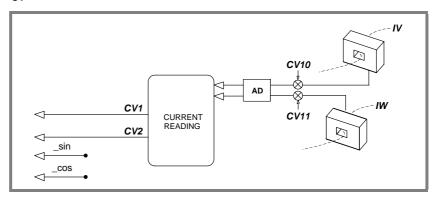
#### CV3 USER, RO CurrentFeedback



Function: Display the rms current circulating through the motor.

Valid values: 0, ..., 50 Arms (rms values).

Default value: 0.



#### CV10 FAGOR, RO Current1Offset



Function: Value of the automatic compensation of the current feedback

offset of phase V.

Valid values: - 2000, ..., + 2000 mA (depends on the connected drive).

Default value: 0.

#### CV11 FAGOR, RO Current2Offset



Function: Value of the automatic compensation of the current feedback

offset of phase W.

Valid values: - 2000, ..., + 2000 mA (depends on the connected drive).

Default value: 0.

#### CV15 USER, RW DigitalCurrentCommand



Function: This variable registers the value of the digital current com-

mand.

Valid values: - 50.00, ..., + 50.00 Arms.

Default value: 0.00 Arms.

# D group. Diagnosis

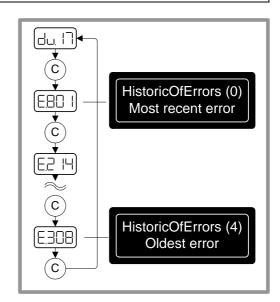
#### DV17 USER, RO HistoricOfErrors



#### Function:

5-word register containing the numbers of the last 5 errors occurred in the drive module.

The programming module can display each one of these 5 errors one by one using short pushes from the most recent to the oldest.



#### DV31 FAGOR, RO DriveStatusWord



Function:

The DV31 variable contains a numerical data coded into 16 binary bits and represents the system status as shown by the attached table. Bits (from the most to the least significant).

Bit	Function	
15, 14	Power & Torque Status. (0,0) DoingInternalTest (DRVSTS_INITIALIZATING)	
	(0,1) ReadyForPower (DRVSTS_LBUS)	
	(1,0) PowerOn (DRSTS_POWER_ON)	
	(1,1) TorqueOn (DRSTS_TORQUE_ON).	
13	Error bit	
12	Warning	
11	OperationStatusChangeBit	
107	Reserved	
6	ReferenceMarkerPulseRegistered	
5	ChangeCommandsBit	
41	Reserved	
0	DriveStatusWordToggleBit	

#### DV32 FAGOR, RW MasterControlWord



Function:

The DV32 variable contains a numerical data coded into 16 binary bits and represents the control signals that act upon the drive through the serial line.

Bit	Function	
15	Speed Enable	
14	Drive Enable	
137	Reserved	
6	Homing Enable	
51	Reserved	
0	MasterControlWordToggleBit	

## DC1 USER, RW ResetClassDiagnostics



Function:

Reset of the unit's errors. When an error occurs, this command may be used to reset it and restart the unit by first updating the error bit of DV31, DriveStatusWord, and then setting the drive in the ReadyForPower state. Note its difference with the unit's reset because the action carried out by this command keeps the RAM memory intact and therefore the parameter settings of the unit.



DC2 USER, RW ResetHistoricOfErrors



Function: Reset of the DV17 variable HistoricOfErrors (array). This

command sets it to 0.

# E group. Encoder simulator

EP1	BASIC, RW	EncoderSimulatorPulsesPerTurn



Function: Number of pulses generated by the encoder simulator per

rotor revolution.

Valid values: 1, ..., Number of pulses of the selected feedback.

Default value: Number of pulses of the selected feedback device.

#### EP3 BASIC, RW EncoderSimulatorDirection



Function: Selection of the turning direction of the simulated encoder.

Valid values: 0/1, clockwise (by default) / counterclockwise.

## G group. General

## GP3 BASIC, RW StoppingTimeout



Function: After deactivating the Speed\_Enable and after the GP3 time

has elapsed, if the motor has not stopped, it cancels the torque automatically and issues error E.004. If the motor stops within the GP3 time, it also cancels the torque but does not issue an error. To make this time infinite (never generating

error E.004), set this parameter to "0".

Valid values: 1, ..., 9999 ms, 0 (infinite).

Default value: 500 ms.

#### GP5 BASIC, RO Parameter Version



Function: This parameter represents the version of the parameter table

that has been loaded at the drive.

GP9	BASIC, RW	DriveOffDelayTime	GP.09
Function:		After the motor has stopped because function has been disabled, the can	cellation of the the

Drive Enable function (that implies PWM-OFF) is delayed by a time period indicated by GP9. It is useful on axes not compensated with a holding brake. To make this time period

infinite, set it to 0 and to remove it, set it to 1.

Valid values: 1, ..., 9999 ms, 0 (infinite).

Default value: 50 ms.

#### **USER, RW GP11 IOFunctionsTime**



Function: Value of the time used in functions OutFunc1 & OutFunc2.

Valid values: 0, ..., 9999 ms.

Default value: 2000 ms.

#### GV<sub>2</sub> BASIC, RO **ManufacturerVersion**



Function: Displays the software version in use.

#### GV5 BASIC, RO CodeChecksum



Function: It registers the checksum value of the software version

loaded at the drive.

Valid values: - 32768, ..., 32767 (although the programming module can

only display the 4 least significant digits).

Ej: If GV5 = 27234, the display of the programming module

shows 7234.

#### GV7 BASIC, RW **Password**



Function: Variable where the password is entered to change the

access level. The system will change the access level

corresponding to the password entered.

Valid values: 0, ..., 9999.

Default value: 0.

#### GV9 BASIC, RO DriveType



Function: This variable informs of the drive's sales reference. See

section initialization and adjustment in this manual.

GV11 BASIC, RW SoftReset



Function: Variable that resets the unit by software.

Valid values: 0 and 1 (with 1, it resets the unit).

Default value: 0.

GV16 USER, RO MotorTableVersion



Function: Version of the motor table.

GV75 FAGOR, RO ErrorList



Function: List of the error numbers active in the unit.

Valid values: 0, ..., 999.

Default value: 0.

GC1 BASIC, RW BackupWorkingMemoryCommand



Function: Command to execute the parameter transfer from RAM to

E<sup>2</sup>PROM.

GC10 BASIC, RW LoadDefaultsCommand



Function: Command to initialize parameters. This command loads the

default parameters of the drive for the motor whose ID is

stored in parameter MP1.

See section "initialization and adjustment "in this manual.

H group. Hardware

HV5 BASIC, RO PLDVersion



Function: Software version installed in the unit's PLD's

# I group. Inputs

# IP6 USER, RW DigitalInputPolarity



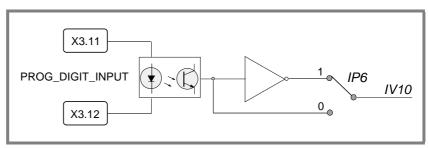
Function: Sets the polarity (inverted or not inverted) of the program-

mable input (pins 11 and 12 of X3).

Valid values: **0.** Not inverted.

1. Inverted.

Default value: **0.** Not inverted.



# IP14 USER, RW DigitalInputFunctionSelector



Function: Determines the function assigned to the digital input of the

unit. The programmable digital input (pins 11 and 12 of X3) is configured as remote input for resetting errors (IP14 = 04).

Valid values: 0, ..., 4.

Value	Function	Description
0	missing	
1	InFunc1	Reset of the integral action of the velocity loop
2	InFunc2	Invert the velocity command
3	InFunc3	Halt function (drive management)
4	InFunc4	Error reset (ResetClassDiagnostics, DC1 = 3)

Default value: **4.** Error reset.

#### IP17 USER, RW AnalogFunctionSelector



Function: Determines the analog function assigned to the programma-

ble analog input.

Valid values: 0, ..., 2.

Default value: 0.

**IV3** as input to function Nr ▶▶▶

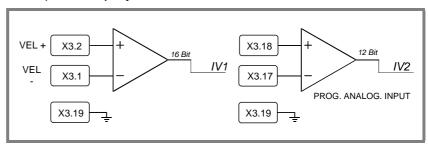
IP17	Function
00	
01	Func1
02	Func2

#### IV1 BASIC, RO AnalogInput1



Function:

Monitors the voltage through the analog input ANALOG VELOCITY COMMAND INPUT (VEL+ and VEL-) (pins 2 - 1 of X3). It's display is in volts.



# IV2 USER, RO AnalogInput2



Function: Monitors the input voltage through analog input 2 (pins 18 -

17 of X3). It's display is in volts.

#### IV3 USER, RO CurrentCommandAfterScaling



Function: Contains the value of the auxiliary analog command (pins 17

and 18 of X3; usually current command) after being affected by CP10 and CP11. It must never exceed the value of the

maximum current of the unit.

Valid values: - 50.00, ..., + 50.00 Arms.

Default value: 0.

#### IV10 USER, RO DigitalInputs



Function: This variable reflects the status of the programmable digital

input at pins 11 and 12 of connector X3. The status of this

variable is affected by IP6.

Valid values: 0 and 1.

Default value: 0.

# K group. Monitoring



Function: Contains the value of power of the external ballast resistor.

Valid values: 200, ..., 2000 W.

Default value: 200 W.

#### KP4 USER, RW ExtBallastEnergyPulse



Function: Contains the value of the energy pulse that can be dissipated

by the external ballast resistor.

Valid values: 200, ..., 2000 J.

Default value: 200 J.

#### KV10 USER, RO CoolingTemperature



Function: It displays the temperature of the heatsink of the power stage.

Valid values: 0, ..., 200 °C.

#### KV32 USER, RO I<sup>2</sup>tDrive



Function: Variable internally useful to the system. It measures the

internal load level of the calculation of the i<sup>2</sup>t at the drive in

percentage used over the maximum.

Valid values: 0, ..., 100 %.

Default value: 0 %.

KV36 USER, RO I<sup>2</sup>tMotor



Function: Variable internally useful to the system. It measures the

internal load level of the calculation of the i<sup>2</sup>t at the motor in

percentage used over the maximum.

Valid values: 0, ..., 100 %.

Default value: 0 %.

#### KV40 USER, RO IntBallastOverload



Function: Shows the load percentage on the ballast resistor in a drive.

Useful for the i<sup>2</sup>t protection of the resistor. A value greater

than 100 % in this variable causes error E314.

Valid values: 0, ..., 100 %.

Default value: 0 %.

#### KV41 USER, RW BallastSelect



Function: Selector that determines whether the ballast resistor is

external or internal.

Valid values: 0/1 external / internal (by default).

# M group. Motor

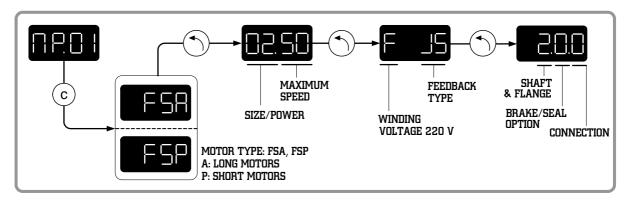
#### MP1 BASIC, RW MotorType



Function: Motor identification. The limits of certain parameters depend

on the value of MP1 (e.g. The upper limit of SP10 is 110 % of the motor rated speed) like its default parameter initialization through CC10. See command CC10

initialization through GC10. See command GC10.



#### MP2 FAGOR, RW MotorTorqueConstant



Function: Contains the torque constant of the synchronous motor,

(motor torque according to the rms current)

Valid values: 0.0, ..., 10.0 Nm/Arms.

Default value: It depends on the motor connected.

#### MP3 FAGOR, RW MotorContinuousStallCurrent



Function: Contains the motor rated current. Manipulating MP3 may

affect parameter CP20 directly.

See parameter CP20.

Valid values: 0.00, ..., 50.00 Arms. Depends on the motor connected.

Default value: It depends on the motor connected.

#### MP4 FAGOR, RO MotorPeakCurrent



Function: Peak current of the motor. This current value must NEVER

be exceeded in the motor. See parameter CP20.

Valid values: 0.00, ..., 50.00 Arms. Depends on the motor connected.

Default value: It depends on the motor connected.

# O group. Analog and digital outputs

OP1	USER, RW	DA1IDN
OI I		



#### OP2 USER, RW DA2IDN



Function: They identify the internal analog variables of the drive that will

be reflected at the electrical outputs and will be affected by the OP3 and OP4 gains respectively. Channel 1 (pin 31 of X3)

and channel 2 (pin 32 of X3).

Valid values: Name of any parameter or variable of the table.

Default value: 04 for OP1 and 07 for OP2.

OP1	VARIABLE	NAME	OP2	VARIABLE	UNITS
00	SV15	DigitalVelocityCommand	00	SV15	
01	SV1	VelocityCommand	01	SV1	
02	SV6	VelocityCommandAfterFilters	02	SV6	rev/min
03	SV7	VelocityCommandFinal	03	SV7	
04	SV2	VelocityFeedback	04	SV2	
05	TV1	TorqueCommand	05	TV1	dN⋅m
06	TV2	TorqueFeedback	06	TV2	ulvilli .
07	CV3	CurrentFeedback	07	CV3	cA
08	WV5	GeneratorOutput	08	WV5	
09	IV1	AnalogInput1	09	IV1	mV
10	IV2	AnalogInput2	10	IV2	1117
11	Reserved	Reserved	11	Reserved	

OP3 USER, RW DA1ValuePer10Volt



OP4 USER, RW DA2ValuePer10Volt



Function: They define the gain of channel 1 (pin 31 of X3) and channel

2 (pin 32 of X3). There are 10 V at these outputs when the

selected variable reaches this value.

Units: The units of the variable being displayed.

Valid values: 0, ..., 9999.

Default value: 4000 and 3000 respectively.

**Example** 

OP1= 04 [SV2] (VelocityFeedback), in rpm and OP3 = 3000. It means that when the value of SV2 is 3000 rev/min the analog output will be 10 V and it maintains this (rev/min)/V ratio throughout its full range  $\pm$  10 V.

OP6 USER, RW DigitalOutputPolarity

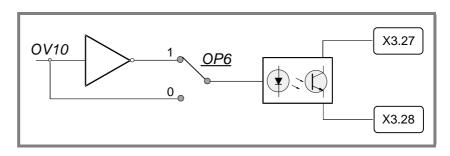


Function: Sets the polarity (inverted or not inverted) of the

programmable digital input (pins 27 and 28 of X3).

Valid values: 0/1. Not inverted / inverted

Default value: 0. Not inverted.



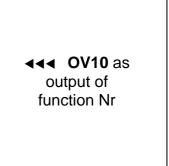
# OP14 USER, RW DigitalOutputFunctionSelector



Function:

They determine the activation of the various outputs of the digital functions available.

OP14	function
00	OutFunc0
01	OutFunc1
02	OutFunc2
03	OutFunc3
04	OutFunc4
05	OutFunc5
06	OutFunc6
07	OutFunc7



#### OP15 USER, RW DigitalOutputWarningSelector



Function:

Selector of the warning that will be displayed by the programmable output when function OutFunc7 is selected.

Valid values:

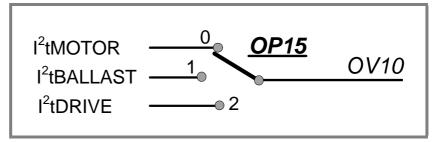
**0**. I<sup>2</sup>tMotor

1. I<sup>2</sup>tBallast

2. I<sup>2</sup>tDriver

Default value:

0.



OV10 USER, RO DigitalOutputs



Function: The OV10 variable contains the value of the output status of

the various functions that may be selected with OP14.

Valid values: 0 and 1.

Default value: 0.

# Q group. Communication

#### QP16 USER, RW SerialSettings



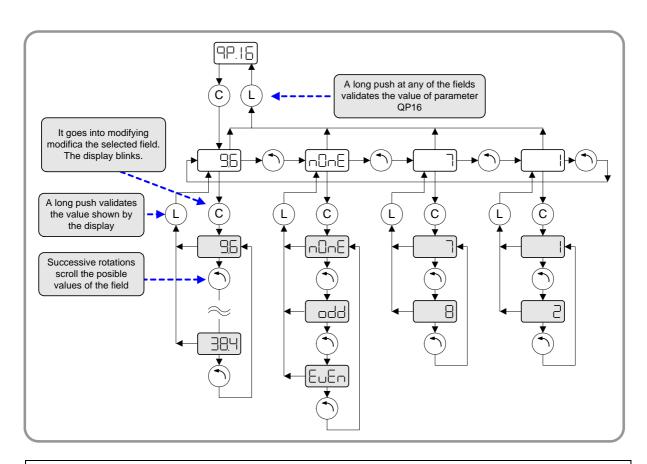
Function:

Determines the communications parameters of the UART (Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter) of the 485 serial line of connector X1. For the service line USB-COM, it is always configured as (9600, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit).

Bit	Function
15,, 12	Reserved
11, 10	Stop bits  1 Stop bits
	2 Stop bits
9,, 6	Data bits 7 Data bits 8 Data bits
5, 4	Parity bits  O No parity Even parity Odd parity
3,, 0	Communication speed (baudrate)  0 2400 Bd

Default value: 1540 (9600, no parity, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit).

To edit this parameter, the programming module has a submenu like the one in the figure on the next page.



#### QV22 FAGOR, RO IDNListOfInvalidOperationData



Function: Variable containing the parameters that are readjusted by the

drive when it issues the error E.502 (incompatible parameters). The parameters are listed by their bus identifier (the WinDDSSetup shows the parameter names directly).

Valid values: Any parameter bus identifier.

Default value: 0.

## QV96 USER, RW SlaveArrangement



Function: This variable contains the number of the node assigned to the

drive for communication.

Valid values: 0, ..., 127.

Value	ModBus protocol
0	Number Nr 0 (not commonly used )
1,, 127	Node Nr assigned to the unit in a bus type communication.

Default value: 0.

# S group. Speed

SP1 BASIC, RW VelocityProportionalGain



SP2 BASIC, RW VelocityIntegralGain

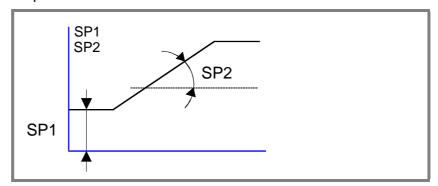


Function: Value of the proportional / integral action of the velocity PI.

Valid values: SP1: 0, ..., 999.9 mArms/rpm.

SP2: 0.1, ..., 999.9 ms.

Default value: Depends on the motor-drive combination.



## SP3 BASIC, RW VelocityDerivativeGain



Function: Value of the derivative action of the velocity PI.

Valid values: SP3: 0, ..., 9999.

Default value: SP1: 0.

## SP10 BASIC, RW VelocityLimit

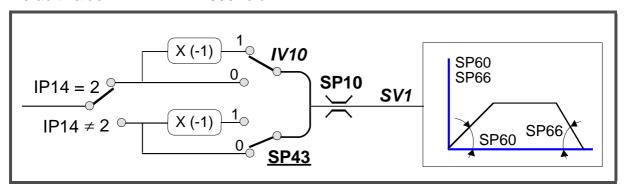


Function: Maximum velocity limit for the SV7 variable (Velocity

CommandFinal).

Valid values: 0 ... 110 % of the motor rated speed in rev/min.

Default value: 1000 rev/min.



#### SP19 BASIC, RW SymmetryCorrection



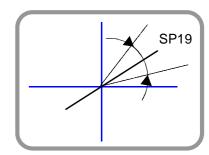
Function: Its purpose is to correct the possible difference in analog

 $command \, generated \, to \, obtain \, exactly \, the \, same \, speed \, in \, both$ 

turning directions.

Valid values: - 500, ..., + 500 mV

Default value: 0 mV.



#### SP20 BASIC, RW VoltageRpmVolt



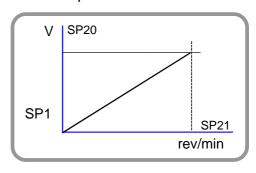
Function: Parameter SP20 and SP21 set the necessary ratio between

the analog command and the motor speed. They correspond

to the reference of the CNC concept G00 Feed.

Valid values: 1.00, ...,10.00 V.

Default value: 9.50 V.



## SP21 BASIC, RW RpmRpmVolt



Function: See parameter SP20.

Valid values: 10, ..., Motor rated speed (rev/min).

Default value: Motor rated speed (rev/min).

CD20	DACIC DW	Valacity Officet
SP30	BASIC, RW	VelocityOffset



Function: Correction of the analog velocity command offset It is applied

after the analog input is treated by SP19, SP20 and SP21.

Valid values: - 2000, ..., + 2000 (rev/min)x10<sup>-2</sup>.

Default value: 0 (rev/min)x10<sup>-2</sup>.

#### SP40 USER, RW VelocityThresholdNx



Function: Velocity level over which the OV10 variable is activated when

function OutFunc3 (MotorSpeed > SP40) is active.

Valid values: 0, ..., Motor rated speed (rev/min).

Default value: 1000 rev/min.

#### SP41 USER, RW VelocityWindow



Function: Velocity window assigned to the "reached speed" function.

It is used to know when the speed of a motor (SV2) has reached the supplied command (SV7) within the margins of

this window SP41.

Valid values: 0, ..., 12 % of parameter SP10 (speed limit) in rev/min.

Default value: 20 rev/min.

#### SP42 USER, RW StandStillWindow



Function: Determines the value of the velocity window around zero that

will be considered to be zero speed.

Valid values: 0 ... Motor rated speed (rev/min).

Default value: 20 rev/min.

#### SP43 BASIC, RW VelocityPolarityParameter

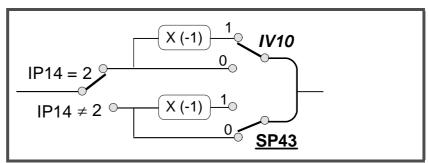


Function: This parameter is used to change the sign of the velocity

command in specific applications. This parameter cannot be used to solve a positive feedback problem (axis runaway).

Valid values: 0/1. Not inverted / inverted.

Default value: 0. Not inverted.



#### SP45 BASIC, RW VelocityCommandSelector



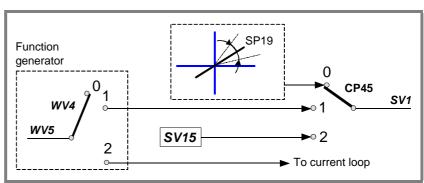
Function: This parameter is used to determine the velocity command

source.

Valid values: 0, ..., 2.

value	function
0	Analog. Input through pins 1 and 2 of connector X3 after being adapted by SP19, SP20 and SP21.
1	Function generator. Value of WV5 if the output of the function generator is applied to the velocity loop (WV4=1).
2	Digital. Value of SV15.

Default value: 0.



## SP60 BASIC, RW VelocityAccelerationTime



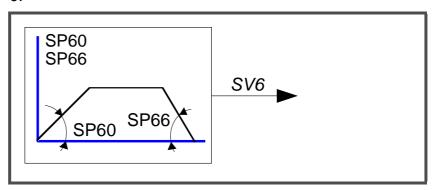
Function: Determine the value of the acceleration ramp applied to the

velocity command. Setting this parameter with a 0 value

means that no ramps will be applied.

Valid values: 0.0, ..., 400.0 (rpm)/ms.

Default value: 0.

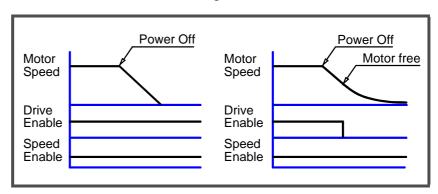


#### SP65 BASIC, RW EmergencyAcceleration



Function:

In emergency stop. If the bus voltage drops or there is a power outage for the unit in the acceleration, deceleration or constant power mode, the drive will get into the dynamic braking sequence. It stops with the emergency ramp until its speed is zero as long as the mechanical energy stored in the motor allows it. Therefore, it limits the command acceleration for stopping the motor. If anytime during the sequence, the Drive Enable is interrupted, the motor will turn by inertia. SP65 = 0 cancels this limiting effect.



Valid values: 0.0, ..., 400.0 (rpm)/ms.

Default value: 0.

#### SP66 BASIC, RW VelocityDecelerationTime



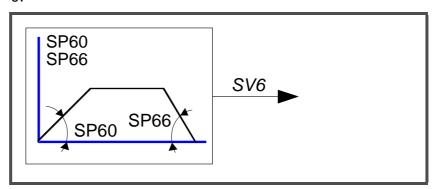
Function: Determine the value of the deceleration ramp applied to the

velocity command. Setting this parameter with a 0 value

means that no ramps will be applied.

Valid values: 0.0, ..., 400.0 (rpm)/ms.

Default value: 0.



SV1 BASIC, RW VelocityCommand



Function: Velocity command after the SP45 selector.

Valid values: - 6000, ..., + 6000 rev/min.

Default value: 0.

SV2 BASIC, RO VelocityFeedback



Function: Velocity feedback.

Valid values: - 9999, ..., + 9999 rev/min.

SV6 BASIC, RO VelocityCommandAfterFilters



Function: Velocity command after applying limits, ramps, etc.

Valid values: - 9999, ..., + 9999 rev/min.

SV7 BASIC, RO VelocityCommandFinal



Function: Final velocity command applied to the loop.

Valid values: - 9999, ..., + 9999 rev/min.

SV15 USER, RW Digital Velocity Command



Function: Digital velocity command.

Valid values: - 6000, ..., + 6000 rev/min.

Default value: 0.

# T group. Torque and power

TP1 USER, RW TorqueThresholdTx



Function: Parameter that determines the threshold for the activation of

OV10 when function OutFunc2 (TorqueLimitModeZero

Search) is activated.

Units: Fraction of the rated value of the motor torque.

Valid values: 0, ..., 100 %.

Default value: 5 %.

TV1	USER, RO	TorqueCommand
	00=,	



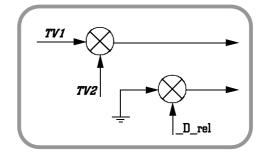
## TV2 USER, RO TorqueFeedback



Function: Displays the values of the command and torque feedback.

Valid values: - 99.9..., + 99.9 Nm

Default value: 0 Nm.



# W group. Internal generator

# WV1 USER, RW GeneratorShape



Function: It indicates the waveform of the internal command

generator.

Valid values:

Value	Waveform	
0	sinusoidal	
1	square	
2	triangular	

Default value: 1.

# WV2 USER, RW GeneratorPeriod



Function: It indicates the signal period of the internal command

generator.

Valid values: 2, ..., 9999 ms.

Default value: 200 ms.

WV3	USER, RW	GeneratorAmplitude
_	,	



Function: It indicates the signal amplitude of the internal command

generator.

Valid values: 0, ..., 9999 rev/min if it is a velocity command.

0, ..., 9999 Armsx10<sup>-2</sup> if it is a current command.

Default value: 0.

WV4 USER, RW GeneratorType



Function: It specifies on which magnitude the internal command is

applied.

Valid values: Value Waveform

value	waveform							
0	<b>0</b> generated disconnected (by default)							
1	generated connected. Velocity command							
2	generated connected. Current command							

Default value: 0.

WV5 USER, RO GeneratorOutput



Function: Variable that reflects the value of the signal generated by the

internal function generator.

Valid values: - 9999, ..., + 9999.

Default value: 0.

WV6 USER, RW GeneratorDutyCycle



Function: For generating square signals (WV1=1), this variable

specifies the ratio of the duty cycle.

For example: to simulate an S6-40 % cycle, WV6 = 40.

Valid values: 1, ..., 99 %.

Default value: 50 %.

WV9 USER, RW GeneratorOffset

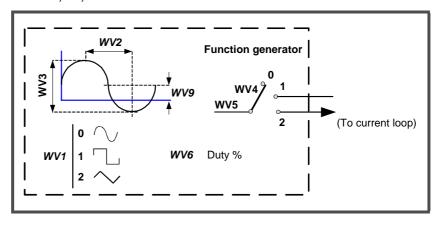


Function: It allows entering an offset in the signal of the internal

command generator.

Valid values: - 9999, ..., + 9999 rev/min. Velocity.

- 9999, ..., + 9999 Armsx10<sup>-2</sup>. Current.



# **ERROR MESSAGES**

E.001 Internal



Contact Fagor Automation.

E.003 Error at the power bus voltage

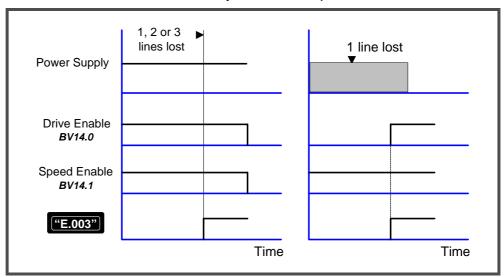


**Error** When having torque, one of the phases of the line may have dropped.

Warning: When starting the unit up, maybe:

- ☐ The connector of the Ballast resistor has not been installed.
- ☐ The Ballast resistor is open.

Check that the line phases and the drives are OK in the direction indicated earlier and start the system back up.



E.004 Emergency stop exceeding time limit GP3



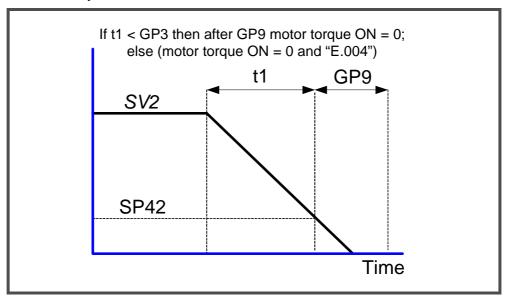
An attempt has been made to stop the motor by canceling **Speed Enable**. The system has tried to stop the motor at full torque, but it has not been able to stop it in the time frame set by parameter GP3 (**StoppingTimeout** = maximum time allowed for braking, before considering the error for being unable to stop it in the set time) or the parameter that deterrmines when the motor is considered to be stopped (SP42) **Minimum velocity threshold**, is too small. Bear in mind that zero speed (total lack of velocity) does not exist, there is always a minimum amount of speed noise due to feedback.

## **Solutions**

The load that must stop the motor is too large to stop it in the time frame set by GP3 and the value given to this parameter must be increased.

The threshold or velocity window considered zero (SP42) is too small; thus, increase the value ofthis parameter.

The module is performing poorly and is unable to stop the motor. The module may be defective.



## E.106 Extreme temperature at the heatsink (of the IGBT's)



The drive is carrying out a task that overheats the power devices.

Stop the system for several minutes and decrease the effort demanded from the drive.

### E.108 Motor overheated



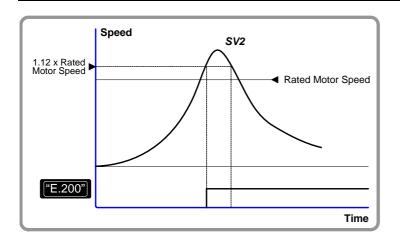
The motor has overheated. The motor temperature measuring cables (position sensor cable) or the temperature sensor itself are defective. The application may be demanding high current peaks.

Stop the system for several minutes and decrease the effort demanded from the drive. Cool the motor.



## E.200 Overspeed





The motor speed has exceeded the value of SP10 in a 12 %.

Bad cabling of the position sensor or of the motor power.

The velocity loop is adjusted wrong.

Decrease the speed overshoot in the system response.

## E.201 Motor overload

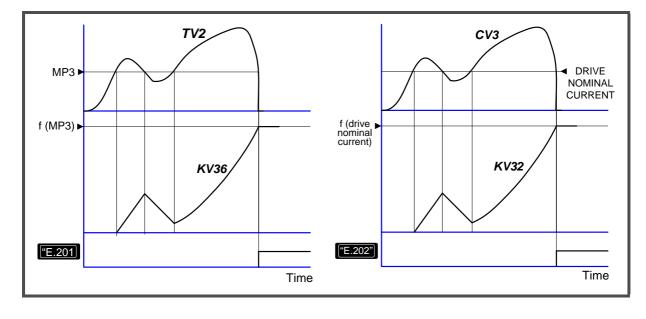


## E.202 Drive overload



The  $I^2$ t protection of the drive went off. The duty cycle is greater than the system can provide.

Decrease the speed overshoot in the system response.



## E.214 Short-circuit



There is short-circuit at the drive module.

Reset the error.

If it persists, may be because:

☐ An erroneous sequence when connecting the power cables or a short-circuit between them.

☐ The parameters may be wrong or there is a fault at the drive.

Contact Fagor Automation.

After displaying E.214, it will display some of the codes that describe the type of short-circuit that has taken place.

ABS	over the absolute value of the output current						
IGBT	at the IGBT's						
OUT	in the output						

## E.304 Power bus voltage too high



The hardware of the drive module has detected that the voltage at the power bus is too high.

When using an external Ballast, it is not connected properly. The Ballast resistor is burned.

Disconnect the power supply and ckeck the proper connection of the Ballast circuit.

## E.307 Power bus voltage too low



The mains voltage is too low.

Disconnect the power supply and check the proper condition of the lines.

### E.314 Ballast overload



Due to the duty cycle, the Ballast resistor is overloaded.

Resize the Ballast resistor.

Decrease the duty cycle.

Smooth the duty cycle by applying acceleration ramps.



## E.502 Incompatible parameters



Parameter incompatibility.

## Example.

A drive controls a motor that admits a peak current of 20 A (e.g.: being the current limit CP20 = 20 A).

If now, a 16A peak motor is connected, the current limit will be beyond the value allowed for this new motor. It will readjust in RAM memory certain parameters related to speed and current issuing E502 and describing the erroneous parameters in the QV22 variable. Resetting the unit without saving the parameters causes the error to come up again. The error will go away when executing the GC1 command because the parameters readjusted to the right values by the drive in RAM memory are saved in EEPROM memory

## E.506 Motor table missing



Contact Fagor Automation.

## E.510 Incoherent combination of motor and feedback



Motor not accepted by the drive.

Motor's power voltage is different from that of the drive.

### E.801 Encoder not detected



The drive has not detected the sensor.

Check the cabling and the motor connection regarding connector X2. Then do a reset.

If it doesn't fix it, contact Fagor Automation.

#### E.802 Defective encoder



Communication error. After an initial connection, communication errors keep coming up.

Check the cabling and the motor connection regarding connector X2. Then do a reset.

If it doesn't fix it, contact Fagor Automation.



# **WARNINGS**

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# LIST OF PARAMETERS, VARIABLES & COMMANDS. ModBus ID's

Mnem.	Name	Level	IdBus	Ac	Min.	Max.	Def.	Units	Page
BV14	NotProgrammableIOs	Fagor	08601	ro	0	65535			48
CP1	CurrentProportionalGain	Fagor	00213	rw	0	999			48
CP2	CurrentIntegralTime	Fagor	00215	rw	0	999			48
CP10	VoltageAmpVolt	user	08823	rw	1000	9999	9500	mV	49
CP11	AmpAmpVolt	user	08825	rw	100	5000	5000	cA	49
CP20	CurrentLimit	basic	08807	rw	0	5000	0	cA	49
CP30	CurrentCommandFilter1Type	Fagor	08809	rw	0	1	0		49
CP31	CurrentCommandFilter1Frequency	Fagor	08817	rw	0	4000	0	Hz	50
CP32	CurrentCommandFilter1Damping	Fagor	08819	rw	0	1000	0	Hz	50
CP45	CurrentCommandSelector	user	08821	rw	0	3	0		50
CV1	Current1Feedback	user	08811	ro	- 5000	5000		cA	51
CV2	Current2Feedback	user	08813	ro	- 5000	5000		cA	51
CV3	CurrentFeedback	user	08815	ro	- 5000	5000		cA	51
CV10	Current1Offset	Fagor	08803	ro	- 2000	2000		mA	52
CV11	Current2Offset	Fagor	08805	ro	- 2000	2000		mA	52
CV15	DigitalCurrentCommand	user	08827	rw	- 5000	5000	0	cA	52
DC1	ResetClass1Diagnostics	user	00199	rw	0	15	0		53
DC2	ClearHistoricOfErrorsCommand	user	08997	rw	0	15	0		54
DV17	HistoricOfErrors	user	09012	ro					52
DV31	DriverStatusWord	Fagor	00271	ro	0	65535			53
DV32	MasterControlWord	Fagor	00269	rw	0	65535	0		53
EP1	EncoderSimulatorPulsesPerTurn	basic	09193	rw	1	pulses			54
EP3	EncoderSimulatorDirection	basic	09197	rw	0	1	0		54
GC1	BackupWorkingMemoryCommand	basic	00529	rw	0	15	0		56
GC10	LoadDefaultsCommand	basic	00525	rw	0	15	0		56
GP3	StoppingTimeout	basic	09597	rw	0	9999	500	ms	54
GP5	ParameterVersion	basic	09601	ro					54
GP9	DriveOffDelayTime	basic	00415	rw	0	9999	50	ms	55
GP11	IOFunctionsTime	user	09645	rw	0	9999	2000	ms	55
GV2	ManufacturerVersion	basic	00060	ro					55
GV5	CodeChecksum	basic	09605	ro					55
GV7	Password	basic	00535	rw	0	9999	0		55
GV9	DriveType	basic	00280	ro					55
GV11	SoftReset	basic	09609	rw	0	16	0		56

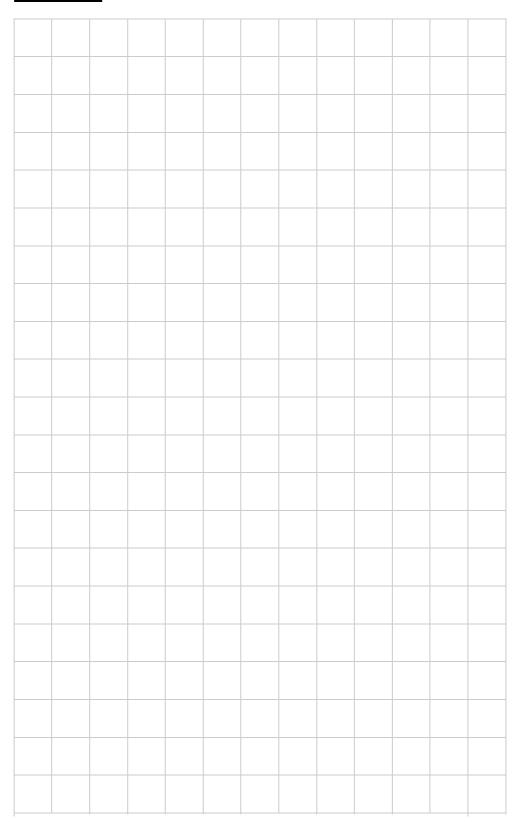
Mnem.	Name	Level	IdBus	Ac	Min.	Max.	Def.	Units	Page
GV16	MotorTableVersion	basic	09625	ro					56
GV75	ErrorList	Fagor	00750	ro					56
HV5	PLDVersion	basic	08783	ro					56
IP6	DigitalInputPolarity	user	10013	rw	0	1	0		57
IP14	DigitalInputFunctionSelector	user	10015	rw	0	4	4		57
IP17	AnalogFunctionSelector	user	10017	rw	0	2	0		58
IV1	AnalogInput1	basic	10003	ro	-12000	12000		mV	58
IV2	AnalogInput2	user	10005	ro	- 1200	1200		cV	58
IV3	CurrentCommandAfterScaling	user	10019	ro	-9999	9999		cA	58
IV10	DigitalInputs	user	10007	ro	0	1			59
KP3	ExtBallastPower	user	10421	rw	200	2000	200	W	59
KP4	ExtBallastEnergyPulse	user	10425	rw	200	2000	200	J	59
KV10	CoolingTemperature	user	10397	ro	- 20	200		°C	59
KV32	I2tDrive	user	10410	ro	0	100		%	59
KV36	12tMotor	user	10415	ro	0	100		%	60
KV40	12tCrowbar	user	10423	ro	0	100		%	60
KV41	BallastSelect	user	10427	rw	0	1	1		60
MP1	MotorType	basic	00282	rw					60
MP2	MotorTorqueConstant	Fagor	10593	rw	0	100		dNm/A	61
MP3	MotorContinuousStallCurrent	Fagor	00223	rw	0	5000		cA	61
MP4	MotorPeakCurrent	Fagor	00219	ro	0	50		А	61
OP1	DA1IDN	user	10993	rw	0	11	4		61
OP2	DA2IDN	user	10995	rw	0	11	7		61
OP3	DA1ValuePer10Volt	user	10997	rw	0	9999	4000		62
OP4	DA2ValuePer10Volt	user	10999	rw	0	9999	3000		62
OP6	DigitalOutputPolarity	user	11025	rw	0	1	0		62
OP15	DigitalOutputWarningSelector	user	11023	rw	0	2	0		63
OP14	DigitalOutputFunctionSelector	user	11021	rw	0	7	0		63
OV10	DigitalOutputs	user	11013	ro	0	1	0		64
QP16	SerialSettings	user	12217	rw	0	65535	1540		64
QV22	IDNListOffInvalidOperationData	Fagor	00044	ro					65
QV96	SlaveArrangement	user	00193	rw	0	127	1		65
SP1	VelocityProportionalGain	basic	00201	rw	0	9999		dmArms/rpm	66
SP2	VelocityIntegralTime	basic	00203	rw	0	9999		dms	66
SP3	VelocityDerivativeGain	basic	00205	rw	0	9999	0		66
SP10	VelocityLimit	basic	00183	rw	0	9999	1000	rpm	66
SP19	SymmetryCorrection	basic	11431	rw	- 500	500	0	mV	67
SP20	VoltageRpmVolt	basic	11433	rw	1000	9999	9500	mV	67
SP21	RpmRpmVolt	basic	11435	rw	10	9999	4000	rpm	67
SP30	VelocityOffset	basic	11399	rw	- 2000	2000	0	crpm	67



Mnem.	Name	Level	IdBus	Ac	Min.	Max.	Def.	Units	Page
SP40	VelocityThresholdNx	user	00251	rw	0	9999	1000	rpm	68
SP41	VelocityWindow	user	00315	rw	0	9999	20	rpm	68
SP42	StandStillWindow	user	00249	rw	0	9999	20	rpm	68
SP43	VelocityPolarityParameters	basic	00087	rw	0	1	0		68
SP45	VelocityCommandSelector	basic	11427	rw	0	2	0		69
SP60	AccelerationLimit	basic	00277	rw	0	4000	0	drpm/ms	69
SP65	EmergencyAcceleration	basic	11411	rw	0	4000	0	drpm/ms	70
SP66	VelocityDecelerationTime	basic	11429	rw	0	4000	0	drpm/ms	70
SV1	VelocityCommand	basic	00072	rw	- 6E7	6E7	0	dmrpm	71
SV2	VelocityFeedback	basic	08000	ro	- 6E7	6E7		dmrpm	71
SV6	VelocityCommandAfterFilters	basic	11436	ro	- 6E7	6E7		dmrpm	71
SV7	VelocityCommandFinal	basic	11416	ro	- 6E7	6E7		dmrpm	71
SV15	DigitalVelocityCommand	user	11438	rw	- 6E7	6E7	0	dmrpm	71
TP1	TorqueThresholdTx	user	00253	rw	0	100	5	%	71
TV1	TorqueCommand	user	00161	ro	-9999	9999	0	dN⋅m	72
TV2	TorqueFeedback	user	00169	ro	-9999	9999		dN⋅m	72
WV1	GeneratorShape	user	11793	rw	0	2	1		72
WV2	GeneratorPeriod	user	11795	rw	2	9999	200	ms	72
WV3	GeneratorAmplitude	user	11797	rw	0	9999	0		72
WV4	GeneratorType	user	11799	rw	0	2	0		73
WV5	GeneratorOutput	user	11801	ro	-9999	9999	0		73
WV6	GeneratorDutyCycle	user	11803	rw	1	99	50	%	73
WV9	GeneratorOffset	user	11809	rw	- 9999	9999	0		73



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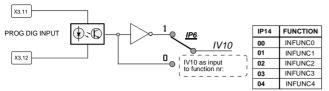
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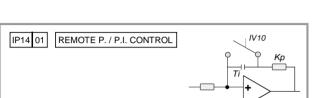
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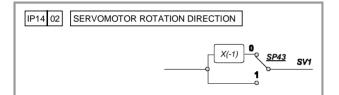


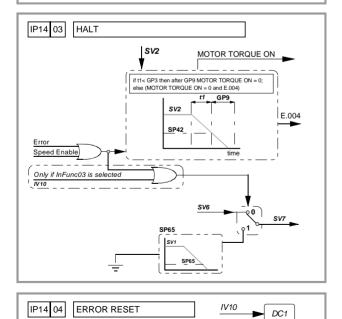
#### **VELOCITY CONTROL BLOCK DIAGRAM** ERR0R DESCRIPTION E.001 GENERAL PARAMETERS DISPLAY DRIVE STATUS E.003 Power Supply fault / warning X3.30 X3.29 Software version Waiting P. Supply E.004 Stop time > GP3 GV7 Drive ready Drive Overtemp GC10 [rdy1] Motor Overtemp GC11 Reset [rdy0] Motor running speed = 0 OverSpeed GC1 Store parameters [rdy-] Drive Enable (on) and no pulses E.201 I2t motor Drive type E.202 12t drive DRIVE ENABLE GV5 Code Checksum E.214 Short-circuit X3.13 **PULSES** E.304 Bus Overvoltage E.307 Bus low voltage SPEED ENABLE E.314 I2t Ballast X3.15 E.502 Incompatible parameters MOTOR TORQUE ON E.506 Motor table missing E.510 COMMON Incoherent combination of motor & feedback E.801 Encoder not detected X3.14 E.802 Defective encoder VEL+ X3.2 VEL -SV6 SV7 SPEED ENABLE & HALT X3.1 SP60 SP66 X3.19 SP30 IV10 -12 V X3.33 GND ₿ WV9 DIGITAL COMMAND CV15 X3.19 <u>IP17</u> ○0 IV3 +12 V ANALOG X3.34 COMMAND FSA04.50F.J5.000 - S99 I WV6 Duty % Generador functions interno: WV1, WV2, WV3, WV6, WV9 MOTOR SERIES MOTOR **ESPECIFICATION** 01 → ZZ SENSOR INPUT MOTOR LENGTH only when having the special "S" configuration ! LONG MOTORS SERIAL SPECIAL CONFIGURATION s **ENCODER** SIZE/POWER CONNECTION MP1 HEIGTH 200V 0 WITH FEEDBACK TYPE Interconnectron connector F5 INCREMENTAL ENCODER: 13 bits (2048 ppt) 02 F7 ABSOLUTE ENCODER: 16 bits (16384 ppt) BRAKE/SEAL OPTION 04 02 **ENCODER** 04 With brake (24 V DC), without seal With brake (24 V DC), with seal PINS 7, 8, 22, 24, 37 AND 38 OF **X3** Without brake, with seal 3 X3 CONNECTOR MOTOR PARAMETERS 120 08 MP1 Motor type 30000003 • 30000003 ENCODER MP2 Torque constant MAXIMUM SPEED FLANGE & SHAFT SIMULATOR 50 5000 rev/min MP3 Rated current Cylindrical shaft with keyway and tapped hole 0 1 Cylindrical keyless shaft and tapped hole Note that rated speed is 3000 rev/min FEEDBACK 400 V EP1 EP3 13 bit incremental J5 J7 200 V

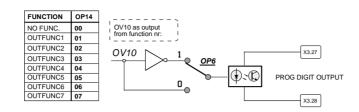
## I/O FUNCTIONS

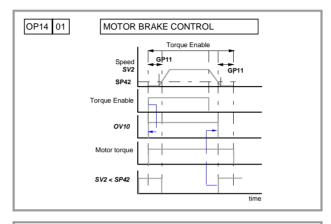


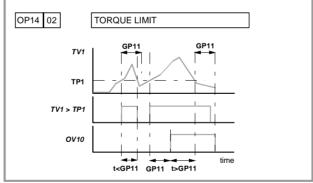


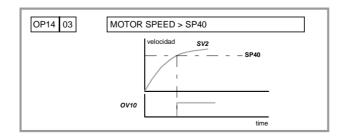


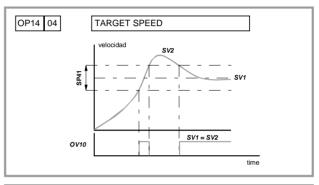


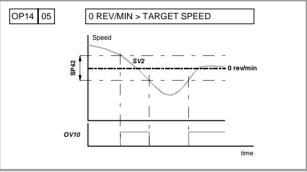


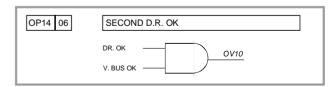


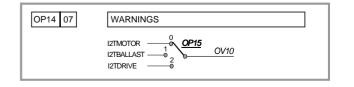






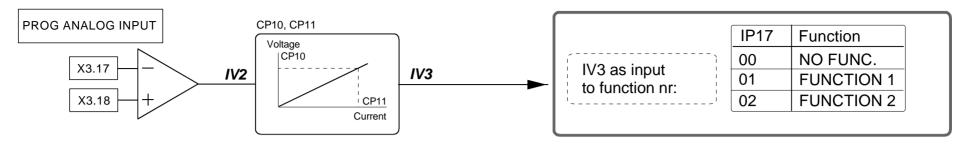


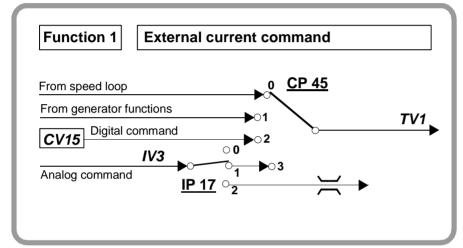


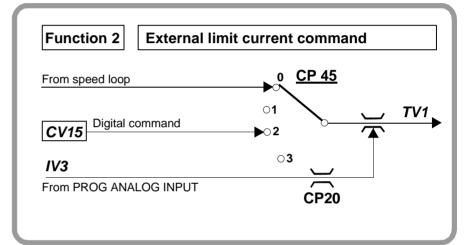




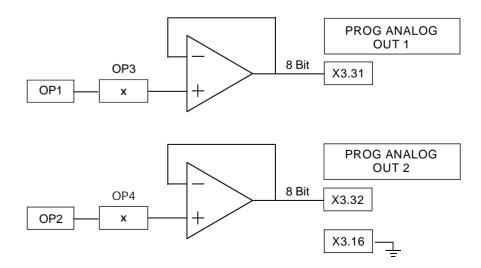
## **ANALOG FUNCTIONS**







OP1	VARIABLE	OP2	VARIABLE	UNITS
00	SV15	00	SV15	rev/min
01	SV1	01	SV1	rev/min
02	SV6	02	SV6	rev/min
03	SV7	03	SV7	rev/min
04	SV2	04	SV2	rev/min
05	TV1	05	TV1	dNm
06	TV2	06	TV2	dNm
07	CV3	07	CV3	cA
08	WV5	08	WV5	
09	IV1	09	IV1	mV
10	IV2	10	IV2	mV
11	Reserved	11	Reserved	



## **ERROR FUNCTIONS**

